

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

VOLUME 30.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, AUGUST 1, 1901.

NUMBER 50.

CLOTHING SALE.

We Don't Care

Anything about profit, or even cost, we are having a clearance of Summer Clothing. Every dollar's worth must go, and our sacrifice prices will make them more on the double quick.

All Our Light Weight Suits, Men's, Boys' and Children's.

All Light Weight Odd Pants Are Going Cheap.

Everyone is new and of superior quality, but they're summer goods, so the buyer who wants to secure a bargain of the first water had better speak quickly.

Men's Suits now \$5.00, \$6.75, \$7.50 and \$10.00, and you ought to see them. No such values as we give can be found elsewhere.

Boys' Suits now \$3.50, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.00. Nothing like them ever offered in Chelsea at the prices we are making.

Come Here if You Want Bargains.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

MEN'S SHOES

One Pair, - - - - - 60 cents

For the cheapest.

One Pair, - - - - - \$3.00

For the best.

A clean, up-to-date stock to select from. Save money by buying your Shoes from

FARRELL.

We have no old truck to get rid of.



Eyes Tested

in the most careful manner

SPECTACLES

and

EYE GLASSES

of all kinds and at all prices.

And everything else in the watch, clock and jewelry line can be bought at lowest prices of

J. F. KANTLEHNER.

Chelsea Savings Bank.

Capital and Resources Feb. 2, 1901, \$333,480.01.

Oldest and strongest bank in Western Washtenaw. Owns and offers in amounts suitable for the investment of small savings and large sums

German Empire Government 3 1/2 per ct. Bonds

200 mark, 500 mark and 1,000 mark bonds. Interest payable April 1st and October 1st each year. Interest coupons cashed at CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK. The above investment yields 4 per cent interest, while the U. S. Bonds yield less than 2 per cent. These bonds are appreciated by our German friends in view of the obnoxious tax law applying to real estate mortgages, rendering it more and more difficult to place money on farm mortgage loans within the state of Michigan that will pay more than 2 1/2 to 3 per cent after deducting taxes.

This Bank pays 3 per cent interest on Money deposited with it according to its rules.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. J. Knapp, President. THOS. S. SEARS, Vice President. JAS. L. BARCOCK.
 HERMAN M. WOODS. JOHN R. GATES. WM. P. SCHENK.
 Geo. W. PALMER, M. D. VICTOR D. HINDELANG. F. P. GLAZIER.
 E. WOOD, Asst. Cashier. D. W. GRKENLEAF, Teller. A. K. STIMSON, Auditor.

Farm Implements

of all descriptions

AT LOWEST PRICES.

We are agents for the American Woven Wire Fence, best and cheapest fence on the market.

Bargains in Furniture.

W. J. KNAPP.

READY FOR SUMMER.

The best patterns in New Spring and Summer Woolens and the latest styles in gentlemen's clothing are now open for your inspection at prices that the plain, unfrilled citizen can afford to pay.

We Guarantee a Perfect Fit and Good Work.

J. GEO. WEBSTER,

Merchant Tailor.

WASHTENAW MACCABEES

Had a Great Celebration at Manchester Last Thursday.

Maccabee day at Manchester last Thursday was largely attended and there was a big delegation of both ladies and gentlemen from Chelsea. There were 270 Maccabees in the parade besides those on the floats. The Chelsea contingent carried off the palm for presenting the finest appearance, 16 of their number wearing the handsome uniforms of the degree team. The Ann Arbor ladies, 24 in number, wore white waists and black gowns, with mortar-board hats, while the Saline live, 15 in number, all had white dresses. Both had the hive colors as sashes, reaching from the shoulder to the ground, and carried handsome wooden spears.

The streets were packed to witness the procession. A. J. Waters was president of the day. Miss Emma E. Bower, of Ann Arbor, spoke for the Lady Maccabees, and Major N. S. Boynton, father of the Maccabees, spoke for the knights. After dinner came band concerts, races and sports. In the evening a prize drill between Ann Arbor and Saline Lady Maccabees took place and a procession with torches with electric light effects was participated in. The Saline ladies won the first prize \$15, and the Ann Arbor ladies the second prize \$10.

Next year's celebration will be held in Saline. Chelsea tried to secure it but failed.

The following officers of the association were elected:

President—Geo. F. Lutz, Saline.
 Vice President—F. E. Jones, Ann Arbor
 Secretary—Mrs. Anna Snow, Saline.
 Treasurer—Mrs. Mary Blake, Ann Arbor
 Executive Committee—C. W. Case, of Manchester, J. G. Pray, of Whitmore Lake, Mrs. Wallace, of Willis.

WHEAT CROP FAILURES.

Some Pertinent Remarks by a Competent Authority as to the Reason.

It seems that another comparative failure of the wheat crop in this locality is an evidence that somebody or something is at fault. We know that the principal cause is the damage done by insects, but we feel that this is not all the trouble; too little attention is given to the seed that is used.

The majority of farmers go to their own bins year after year, select out their seed and sow it. Their neighbors do the same, very seldom changing seed, and if they do it is only with a neighbor near by. The Secretary of Agriculture makes extensive remarks on new seed, claiming that it is just as important to get and sow the very best varieties obtainable, brought from afar into new climate and soils as it is to import and breed good stock. He does not encourage the farmers in purchasing large amounts, but instead, he advises them to purchase small amounts and thereby raise their own seed with a trifling expense.

Penny Postage May Come.

Three reforms in the U. S. postal department will save the government much money and may make penny postage a probability in the near future.

Third Assistant Postmaster General Madden has secured the postmaster general's signature to three important postal rules. The first excludes from the second class mail matter periodicals having the nature of books.

The second bars premium publications, which do not make sales on literary merit. The third excludes unsold periodical matter from the second class.

Bids Wanted for Paving.

Wanted—Bids from contractors for constructing sewer and laying asphalt block, or brick pavement. Specifications furnished on application. Sealed bids received until 8 o'clock p. m. Aug. 7th, 1901.

VILLAGE OF CHELSEA.

W. H. HESLERSCHWERDT, Clerk.

Astounded the Editor.

Editor S. A. Brown, of Bennettsville, S. C., was once immensely surprised. "Through long suffering from dyspepsia," he writes, "my wife was greatly run down. She had no strength or vigor and suffered great distress from her stomach, but she tried Electric Bitters which helped her at once, and, after using four bottles, she is entirely well, can eat anything. It's a grand tonic, and its gentle laxative qualities are splendid for torpid liver." For indigestion, loss of appetite, stomach and liver troubles it's a positive, guaranteed cure. Only 50c at Glazier & Stimson's.

RURAL MAIL CARRIERS.

Some Things They May Do and Some Things They May Not Do.

An important order recently issued by Postmaster-General Smith regulating the rural mail delivery service, is as follows:

"Hereafter rural letter carriers shall not act as agents, salesmen or solicitors for express companies, letter box manufacturers, wholesale houses, corporations or firms, nor engage in any business or avocation which would interfere with the proper performance of their official duties. They may act as news agents, sell newspapers, or periodicals on their own account, or accept and collect subscriptions for the same. When carriers receive newspapers or periodicals by express or by other means outside the mails, to be sold or delivered on their routes, they as news agents, will be required to pay postage on such matter at the second class rate of postage (one cent per pound) except in the case of country papers, which are mailed free to subscribers residing in the county in which they are published.

"This order is not intended to prohibit carriers from performing various private commissions for the accommodation of the patrons on their routes so long as it does not interfere with the regular and prompt performance of their duties."

Electric Railway Notes.

The bridge for the Detroit & Chicago Traction Co.'s line over the mill pond at Dexter will be completed this week.

The officers of the Detroit & Chicago Traction Co. are considering the third rail system and may adopt it where needed for heavy work.

In a conference with Mayor Copeland, of Ann Arbor, last week, W. A. Boland gave that gentleman to understand that his company would do what was right in the matter of the grade separation expense in that city.

The Hawks-Angus people will build a transformer house at Lima Center, on the lot they purchased of Irving Hammond. It is the intention to transmit a high voltage current to this station and then transform the same to a lower voltage for use.

The Boland steel gang is very near the village. The graders are ahead, followed by the steel gang, and they by the ballasters. The men have opened a great pit of gravel near Sylvan Center, the material from which is used to ballast the road. The company has two trains of 10 flat cars each at work on the ballasting, and as one train is being loaded at the pit the company's locomotive takes a loaded train to the places where the gravel is needed. In this way the work of constructing the line is very rapid.

W. A. Boland was in Chelsea for a short time Saturday evening. In conversation with the Herald he said he expected work on grading Middle street will commence in about three weeks. He said: "We shall have to finish up the power house here before we will be able to run cars into Chelsea. In 30 days we hope to have the line in operation from Jackson to Chelsea. Grading is finished from Chelsea to Dexter, and contracts have been let for every bit of work on east to Ann Arbor. We have the ties and iron at Ann Arbor for all of this work. At Plymouth we have 30,000 ties, and we will begin next week to deliver the other material for the line into Detroit. We own a private right of way up to the city limits of Detroit, and our plans are to enter the city on Warren avenue over existing tracks and down Grand River avenue."

Base Ball Items.

The East Side Tigers devoured the West Side Giants Friday afternoon in a most exciting game of baseball. The final score stood 8 to 6 in favor of the Tigers. It stood 8 to 3 at the beginning of the ninth innings but the Giants by a final effort brought in three more runs. George P. Staffan and — Grant umpired the game.

The Junior Stars went to Ypsilanti Friday and played the return game with the St. Luke's choir boys. They were defeated, however, by a score of 14 to 8. Geo. A. BeGole umpired the game. The final game of the series, to decide which nine is the victor, each having won a game, will be played here in the near future.

A game was played here Saturday afternoon between nine composed of Chelsea and Unadilla young men. The Chelsea boys won by a score of 26 to 16.

The flies are just terrific now and will be for the next three months. Be humane and buy a fly net for your horse from C. Steinbach. He is selling them cheap.

Decorated Crockery At 10 Cents.

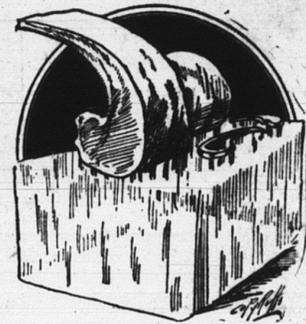
You are always interested in table novelties and will enjoy looking over our new line of Decorated Crockery. It is in a simple green pattern on plain white, and we are sure that you will pronounce the assortment unusually good at 10c.

- Elegant Water Sets 99c each.
- Best Fruit Jars at lowest prices.
- 8 lbs Snow Flake Starch for 25c.
- 4 cans choice Sugar Corn for 25c.
- All \$1.00 Patent Medicines for 75c.
- All 50c Patent Medicines for 38c.
- All 25c Patent Medicines 18c.
- 6 lbs Best Sal Soda for 5c.
- Sardines 5c per can.
- Kirkoline, large packages, 18c.
- 6 lbs Choice Whole Rice for 25c.
- Strongest Ammonia 5c a pint.
- Pure Epsom Salts 2c a lb.
- Pure Glauber Salts 2c a lb.
- Spirits of Camphor 40c a pint.
- Best Ginger Snaps 8c a lb.
- 4 lbs Vail & Crane Crackers for 25c.
- 10 lbs Best Oatmeal for 25c.
- Kirkoline and Gold Dust 25c a pkg.
- Seeded Raisins, 1 lb packages for 10c.
- 7 lbs California Prunes for 25c.
- 13 bars Laundry Soap for 25c.

Highest Market Price for Eggs

AT

The Bank Drug Store



MEATS ON ICE

unless of fine quality, lose much of their flavor. The Beef, Veal, Lamb, etc., that we offer is of such superior quality and excellent flavor that it loses little by its temporary sojourn in the ice box.

Fresh consignments of meats from young stock are received daily, and we guarantee every cut to be in perfect condition.

ADAM EPPLER.

Bread 4c. a Loaf.

Flour having dropped in price I will sell bread at the same price it is sold for in Detroit and Jackson, 4c. for a one pound loaf, or seven loaves for 25 cents.

7 Bread Tickets 25c.

and

3 doz. Cookies or Fried Cakes 25c

at the

CENTRAL BAKERY.

Howard's Baking Powder 25c per pound.

The best on the market. Try it.

J. G. EARL,

Next door to Hoag & Co. mea.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

T. W. MINGAY, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

1901 AUGUST 1901

SUN.	MON.	TUE.	WED.	THUR.	FRI.	SAT.
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

THE WEEK'S NEWS

Happenings of the Past Seven Days in Brief.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Casualties and Fires, Personal and Political Notes, Business Failures and Resumptions, Weather Record.

INTELLIGENCE FROM ALL PARTS

DOMESTIC.

Citizens of West Chicago, Ill., treated Valentine Miller, a wife beater, to a coat of tar and feathers, and only his piteous appeals saved him from being lynched.

Fire in Davenport, Ia., destroyed business and residence property worth \$700,000 and rendered homeless hundreds of persons.

Secretary Long has named Admiral Dewey and Rear Admirals Kimberley and Benham, retired, as the members of the Schley court of inquiry.

Frank Erie, a negro desperado who held up and robbed a clerk, was hanged by a mob at Vidalia, Ga.

In Salt Lake City W. E. Samuelson, of Provo, Utah, broke the world's un-paced mile bicycle record, riding the distance in 1:53 2-5.

Rain in many parts of the west lowered the temperature, but it will take much more to save what remains of the crops.

S. S. Cramer, member of the New York produce exchange, lost fortunes of self, mother and sisters in wheat speculation.

Rev. James D. Merrill has been elected president of Fisk university at Nashville, Tenn.

The president issued his proclamation establishing free trade between Porto Rico and the United States and declaring the organization of a civil government for the island.

Striking steel workers appealed to Senator Hanna to act as their mediator in efforts to obtain peace.

Prof. Thorndike, of Columbia university, says monkeys have earned the right to be placed in the same mental class with men.

Fire started by the sun's rays destroyed J. F. Phelan & Co.'s big dry goods store in Sioux City, Ia.

Colored laborers brought from Alabama to take the place of strikers at the steel works in Melrose Park, Ill., will be sent back because protection by authorities was refused.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the seven days ended on the 26th aggregated \$2,095,768,530, against \$2,445,220,820 the previous week. The increase compared with the corresponding week of last year was 56.6.

There were 198 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 26th, against 193 the week previous and 231 the corresponding period of 1900.

John H. Chapman was reelected president of the Baptist Young People's union at the convention in Chicago.

A section 75 miles wide through the Nevada desert from Death as far west as Carlin experienced a series of heavy earthquake shocks.

Rain fell in many places in the corn belt, relieving the drought.

For the first time in 28 days the temperature dropped below the 100 mark in Topeka, Kan.

Cresceus, the world's champion trotting stallion, went a mile at Cleveland, O., in 2:02 1/2, breaking all records.

The jury, under instruction of the judge, acquitted Robert S. Fosburgh of the murder of his sister at Pittsfield, Mass.

The total registration at El Reno for lands in the Kiowa reservation was 167,006.

C. E. Penick, a banker of Chariton, Ia., is supposed to have committed suicide by jumping from the steamer Virginia off Racine, Wis.

The weekly review of trade declared that two weeks of strike have caused no noticeable change in the steel situation.

The husband of Mrs. Lillian Allien, who was one of the chief beneficiaries of the will of Pierre Lorillard, of New York, was found to be a woman in Mr. Lorillard's employ.

The Schley inquiry plan as outlined by Secretary Long includes a review of the entire campaign in Cuban waters.

A company organized in New Jersey is virtually a bread trust, and expects eventually to control the output of all great cities.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 28th were: Pittsburgh, .595; St. Louis, .578; Philadelphia, .577; Brooklyn, .525; Boston, .474; New York, .472; Cincinnati, .410; Chicago, .372.

Successful tests of Marconi's system of wireless telegraphy have been made in New York bay.

In the American league the percentages of the baseball clubs for the week ended on the 28th were: Chicago, .654; Boston, .605; Detroit, .563; Baltimore, .562; Washington, .451; Philadelphia, .432; Cleveland, .385; Milwaukee, .349.

Two-thirds of the horses in Chicago are said to be afflicted with the grippe.

The T. M. Roberts supply house in Minneapolis failed with liabilities of \$750,000.

President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated association, conferred with J. Pierpont Morgan in New York and a settlement of the great steel strike was said to be near.

Drenching rains in five states of the great corn belt broke the drought and revived the shriveled crops. Millions of dollars will be saved to the farmers.

At Providence, R. I., Will Stinson broke the world's bicycle record for a paced mile on a six-lap track, riding the distance in 1:24 1-5.

The convention of the Baptist Young People's Union in Chicago ended with consecration services.

Judge Horton thinks radical action necessary to stay prevalence of perjury and subornation in the courts in Chicago.

Secretary Root called for reports by army post commandants on the effect of the abolition of the canteen. His recommendations to congress will be based on the information.

Two men were burned to death and seven others seriously injured in a fire at Louisville, Ky.

Harley Hamrick, Harry Mears and Henry Young, all boys, were killed by the cars at Wyanet, Ill.

The new battleship Maine was launched at Philadelphia.

Three men were killed and two fatally injured by a boiler explosion at Seger, Okla.

July 27 was Wisconsin day at the Pan-American exposition in Buffalo and the state building was dedicated.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Grandmother Blanchard, aged 108 years, the oldest woman in the Mississippi valley, died at Cantril, Ia.

John W. Champlin, ex-chief justice of the Michigan supreme court, died at Grand Rapids, Mich., aged 70 years.

Senator McLaurin has been read out of the party by the executive committee of the South Carolina state democratic committee.

George K. Lawton, astronomer of the United States naval observatory, died at Washington.

Thomas O'Donnell died at his home in Nevada, Ia., aged 104 years.

Rear Admiral John Irwin (retired) died in Washington, aged 69 years.

FOREIGN.

The new Danish ministry favors selling the West India islands to the United States.

Batoum, the oil seaport of Russia, was destroyed by an explosion of naphtha and many persons were killed.

The sultan refused permission for a Greek squadron to visit Turkish ports.

Ex-President Kruger has been ordered to a watering place in south Holland for his health.

Lieut. Bertholf's expedition in north-eastern Siberia in quest of reindeer for use in Alaska has been successful.

Fire destroyed 29 houses and one convent at La Prairie, Can. Loss, \$100,000.

George Kennan, American lecturer, who is at St. Petersburg, was ordered to leave Russia because he is considered an undesirable foreigner.

The powers have accepted China's offer for the payment of 450,000,000 taels as indemnity at four per cent. interest, the final payment to be made in 1940.

A new board to rule China, consisting of five men, with Prince Ching at the head, has been named.

The British bark Lizzie Bell, Capt. Whelan, was wrecked at Cape Gwent, New Zealand, and 12 of her crew were drowned.

The tuberculosis congress in London declared that consumption is curable.

Four thousand men are working on the Panama canal. Its completion is promised in 1910.

Allied villagers, which is a new name for the Boxers, have an armed force of 25,000 in China.

Gen. Lyttleton will probably succeed Lord Kitchener as commander in chief of the British forces in South Africa.

Admiral Cervera lauds Schley's deeds in the battle of Santiago, and says that while Sampson might have done as well, the fact remains that he was absent.

Boers captured, wounded or surrendered from July 1, to 22 numbered 1,068.

For the first time in the history of Japan there has been a great revival of religion by all denominations in that country.

LATER.

Reports show that the drought has cut the corn crop one-third, but that the wheat harvest will be the greatest in the nation's history.

Policeman Pass and his son and W. E. Knox were killed in a fight with negroes at Isoline, Tenn.

The First national bank of New York paid a dividend of \$5,000,000 on old capital stock of \$500,000. This was at the rate of 1,000 per cent.

The corn crop in Iowa has been saved by rain.

E. Kirby, proprietor of the Park hotel at Dodge City, Kan., shot and killed his wife and himself. Disagreement over property was the cause.

Commemorative exercises were held throughout Italy on the first anniversary of King Humbert's assassination.

Richard Hearn, a farmer near Mattoon, Ill., was ordered to leave \$2,000 in a designated spot for blackmailers or his daughter would be murdered.

Peter E. Kelley, aged 89 years, and his wife, four years older, both died at Galena, Ill., within a few hours of each other.

The barge Sagamore sunk in a collision near Port Iroquois, Mich., and Capt. Joiner and two of the crew were drowned.

France and Germany apparently contemplate a long occupation of Shanghai, where permanent barracks for troops are being built.

Colombian authorities seized a passenger at Cartagena on the Atlas line steamer Allegheny, sailing under the German flag.

Secretary Long has ordered everybody connected with the navy department to refrain from talking publicly of the Santiago controversy.

The postmaster general has issued an order placing the American postal service in China on the same basis as before the outbreak.

Rev. Adam Miller, founder of the German Methodist church in the United States, died in Chicago, aged 91 years. He leaves a wife, aged 92 years.

William Redmond and Patrick O'Brien were suspended by the British house of commons for disrespect to the speaker during a debate.

The transport Meade arrived at San Francisco from Manila in the record-breaking time of 21 days.

The proposed new electoral law was read before the Cuban constitutional convention. Candidates for office must possess many qualifications. Naturalized voters must live in the island eight years.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

A Niagara falls guide and his son went under the falls 200 feet.

King Christian will not sell the Island of St. Thomas to the United States.

American capital is to complete the trans-continental railway system of South America.

Cornelius Vanderbilt promises to revolutionize locomotive construction by his inventions.

An advance of one to two dollars a ton has been made in nearly all kinds of finished steel products.

King Edward held a privy council at Marlborough house and Cecil Rhodes was sworn as a member of the council.

Krupp, the German gunmaker, has a fortune of nearly \$50,000,000, an income of \$14,000,000 and a pay roll of 80,000 persons.

The Austrian council of agriculture has unanimously declared in favor of prohibiting transactions in grain for future delivery.

Mrs. William E. English presented to the state museum a dead Jersey pig with one head and two bodies joined at the shoulders.

After 18 months of continuous work, it is announced that work on the telegraph line from Seattle to Dawson is nearly completed.

Forty-two prohibitionists made up a state convention in Richmond, Va., and put out nominations for the state officers to be filled next fall.

A prehistoric city of immense proportions is said to have been unearthed on the Navajo Indian reservation between Durango, Col., and Farmington, N. M.

Secretary Root has stopped importation, duty free, of Panama hats from Porto Rico by officers of the army. He thought it unfair to dealers in American-made goods.

An instrument named the "topophone" has just been invented for the prevention of collisions at sea. The topophone registers even slight sounds far outside the range of the human ear.

Premier Sagasta has announced the Spanish programme, which will include reorganization of the army, establishment of bases for naval operations and the construction of an arsenal on a vast scale.

WIN CHOICE TRACTS.

Lucky Seekers After Kiowa-Comanche Lands.

Government Drawing at El Reno Is Witnessed by 25,000 Persons - Winners Congratulated by Loud Cheers.

El Reno, Okla., July 30.—Oklahoma's great land lottery was begun here in earnest Monday, and when the commissioners appointed by the federal government adjourned the drawing for the day 1,000 of the choices of the 13,000 160-acre claims in the Kiowa-Comanche country had been awarded. The first name drawn from the wheels was that of Stephen A. Holcomb, of Paul's Valley, I. T., for a homestead in the El Reno district, and the second Leonard Lamb, of Augusta, Okla. These two men selected the two choicest claims in this district.

Lucky Winners.

The capital prize winners, however, proved to be James R. Wood, of Weatherford, Okla., whose name was the first to come from the Lawton district wheel, and Miss Mattie H. Beals, of Wichita, Kan., who drew the second number in that district. They will have the privilege of making the first filings in the Lawton district, and will undoubtedly choose the two quarter sections adjoining that town. These are considered the most valuable in the territory, and are, it is estimated, worth from \$20,000 to \$40,000 each.

A Day of Excitement.

The day was one of keen excitement, replete with interesting scenes. It is estimated that fully 25,000 persons witnessed the drawing. The immense throng was wrought up to the highest pitch. The drawing of the first names were followed by a mighty shout that reverberated between the hills and must have been heard for miles over the prairies. Each succeeding winning for a time was met with shouts of applause and merriment. All was pleasantry. Every man, though he did not draw a prize from the wheels Monday, had steadfast faith that to-day or the next day would surely see him the possessor of a slip reading him a title clear to 160 acres of Oklahoma's land. So in the success of friends or relatives, unfortunate ones, instead of bewailing their fate, cheered them lustily as familiar names were called out from the commissioners' platform.

Exhausted from Fatigue.

The crowds fairly exhausted themselves, and when the close of the drawing for the day was announced at six o'clock, hundreds who had neither eaten nor drank during the day sank to the ground where they stood from sheer fatigue or dragged themselves to better places of rest or to refreshment booths uptown. The day was remarkably free from quarrels, and general satisfaction with the government's method of disposing of the land was felt.

It has been found that many hundred applicants have "repeated," and that others have applications so illegible that they will be thrown out. Over this much discord has resulted, and the outcome may be an appeal to the courts.

The Drawing Begins.

The drawing had been set for nine o'clock, but the transferring of the bundles of envelopes holding the applications from the general receptacle into the wheels, which was by lot, was so slow that it was 10:50 o'clock before the first name was drawn. Twenty-five names were first drawn from the El Reno district, and then an equal number from the Lawton district. When all was ready, Ben Heyler placed his hand in an aperture in the El Reno wheel and, withdrawing an envelope, handed it to Col. Dyer. It was passed to Chief Clerk Macey, stamped, and handed back to Col. Dyer. The commissioner walked to the front of the platform, raised his hand for order, and in a loud tone, exclaimed: "Stephen A. Holcomb, of Paul's Valley, I. T., draws the first number." The crowd yelled for three minutes, apparently as much delighted as if every man had drawn a prize. Envelope No. 2 was quickly drawn forth and Col. Dyer again announced: "Leonard Lamb, of Augusta, Okla., born in Illinois." In quick succession other envelopes were drawn, and as the names were announced, each one was greeted with a volley of cheers.

The Lawton Winners.

When 25 names had been taken from the El Reno district wheel, attention was turned to that representing the Lawton district. The first name brought out for this district was that of James R. Woods, of Weatherford, Okla., and the crowd again went wild. This meant that Woods would be able to claim the quarter section adjoining Lawton town, one of the choicest in the entire country. The second ticket was drawn, and Col. Dyer cried out: "I have the pleasure to announce the name of the first woman to draw a prize, Mattie H. Beal, of Wichita, Kan." The drawing will be resumed this morning at nine o'clock, and it is believed will have been completed by Thursday evening.

A DEADLY RIFLE DUEL.

Fathers and Sons Enact a Tragedy in Tennessee as Climax of Silly Quarrel.

Memphis, Tenn., July 30.—Edwin Blalock, dead with a Winchester rifle ball through his brain; M. F. Blalock, leg broken by a bullet; Robert Wright, Sr., leg broken by bullet; Robert Wright, Jr., a fugitive from justice. Such is the net result of a desperate duel with Winchester rifles which occurred about dusk on Morris avenue, south of the city and near Forest Hill cemetery. The tragedy grew out of a dispute between Robert Wright, Jr., and Edwin Blalock.

The fathers backed the boys up and the two families lined up with rifles on neutral ground. When within a few yards of each other, the first shot was fired. Then sharp and quick the resounding reports of firearms were heard by the neighbors. At almost the first shot from the side of the Wrights young Blalock fell with a rifle ball through his brain. His brother Fred picked up his rifle, stood where his brother had fallen and took the brunt of the battle on his shoulders. Finally the elder Wright had to be taken off the battleground with a bullet in his leg, and Blalock injured in almost identically the same way, was carried into his house. The two young men took a few shots at each other as they retreated, each toward his own home.

Robert Wright, Jr., and Edwin Blalock, the dead boy, had a slight quarrel. Wright, it is said, told it around that he had given Blalock a black eye. The two families, on account of this little difference between the young fellows, became estranged and the tragedy resulted.

SLAIN IN A STREET FIGHT.

A Policeman and a Citizen Killed at Isoline, Tenn.—Son of Former Fatally Wounded.

Knoxville, Tenn., July 30.—A special to the Journal and Tribune from Crossville tells of the killing of Policeman Pink Pass and W. E. Knox and the fatal wounding of Shirley Pass, son of the policeman, in a street fight at Isoline, Tenn., a mining town eight miles north of Crossville. Policeman Pass went into a section of the place known as Negro Town to quell a disturbance and became engaged in a row with Knox, who pulled an ugly-looking knife. The policeman then shot him dead. Chief of Police Hill P. Lowery and E. E. Swoford started for the scene of the disturbance to arrest Policeman Pass, but were met by Shirley Pass and were told not to go. They had words and the officers were ordered back by Pass, who flourished a pistol. Swoford then shot Shirley Pass through the left lung, fatally injuring him. The officers went on and found Policeman Pass quarreling with a crowd of negroes, but soon left. As soon as he heard of his son's shooting Pass looked up Lowery and Swoford and opened fire on Swoford. Swoford emptied his pistol and ran, and when Pass turned toward Lowery, the latter shot him dead.

A LAKE DISASTER.

Steamer and Whaleback Barge Collide on Lake Superior—Two of Latter's Crew Drowned.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 30.—The whaleback barge Sagamore was sunk in a collision with the Northern line steamer Northern Queen, near Point Iroquois, Monday. Of the crew of eight men two were drowned and one is missing. The dead are: Capt. E. Joiner, master of the Sagamore, lived in Henderson, N. Y.; Ira Ives, cook on the Sagamore, lived at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y. The missing man is Burley Smith, a seaman on the Sagamore, who lived at Woodville, N. Y. A dense fog covered the water at the time of the collision. The Sagamore was bound down in tow of the whaleback steamer Pathfinder, both being loaded with iron ore. The Northern Queen was bound up with a general cargo for Duluth. The Queen struck the barge on the starboard side near the after-turret, breaking in the plates.

RUSSIAN WHEAT.

Large Consignment for Seed Purposes Arrives in Kansas City—More to Come.

Kansas City, Mo., July 30.—Fifteen carloads of Russian hard wheat, which is part of a consignment which left Odessa, Russia, four weeks ago, and is being placed in the government warehouse. Four more carloads are yet to come. There are 14,446 bushels of wheat in the consignment, and it is to be distributed for seed purposes in Kansas and Oklahoma. It is the greatest shipment of hard seed wheat ever brought to this country. The purpose is to improve the quality of Kansas hard wheat for export flour. The wheat is in two-bushel sacks, and will be distributed from the government warehouse to points on the Rock Island and Santa Fe railways. The cost of laying the wheat down in Kansas City was \$2.23 a bushel.

HOW PEOPLE DROWN

Old Life-Saver Says They Never Signal for Assistance.

Impression That a Drowning Person Comes to the Surface Three Times Said to Be Without Foundation.

(Special Washington Letter.)

OF ALL the stories about drowning people, this is the most singular and interesting that the writer has ever heard. There is a free bathing beach in the Potomac river which is carefully guarded, and yet quite a number of bathers have lost their lives there. One of the life savers there to-day said: "In all my experience, and I have had considerable at various watering resorts, I have never known of a single instance of a drowning person calling for help."

"It is generally supposed that persons struggling in the water call for assistance, but such is not the case. For some reason, which can hardly be explained, they never signal help. They simply throw up one hand, not both, mind you, and under they go. I have noticed this particularly at the Washington beach. In not a single instance has there been a call for help. I have pulled persons from the water within a few feet of the raft who were struggling for life, yet who never uttered a single outcry."

"It was only that I happened to notice their peculiar actions in the water, and not the noise they made, that impelled me to go after them. Time and again I have seen poor swimmers start from the shore and after paddling a short distance throw up one hand and go under. It is the most remarkable thing imaginable that they give no signal of distress when help is so near. I have often asked rescued persons why they did not call for help, but they could give no explanation. They knew they were drowning, but the only sign of their peril was the involuntary raising of the arm. I have become so accustomed to this sort of thing—that peculiar manner in which a drowning person throws up the hand—that among a score of bathers diving, ducking and splashing about I can tell the one in danger in an instant."

"When he goes down it is with head thrown far back. As the water washes over the face up comes the hand. Then it slowly disappears, going under inch by inch."

"Then if anything is done it must be done quickly. I have heard many stories of a drowning person making a great racket to attract attention, but I do not believe them. When more than one person is in danger I have known of calls, but invariably they came from the one who could swim enough to save himself, but who could not bring the drowning one ashore. The one in immediate peril simply goes under without a sound. I have been with fairly good swimmers who became exhausted, and who, without a word of warning, threw back the head as though about to float or swim on the back, and go under. As they sank one arm came up."

"One would suppose that a person who could swim would be exempt from this dumbness in the moment of danger, but it is not so. Of course, many persons who start from shore get out so far that they realize they cannot get back without assistance, and will call for help before their en-

rise to the surface, but there seems to be no rule of nature governing this. "I suppose if one goes under with the lungs full of air the body will come to the surface, but usually the first sinking is the last."

"This is our experience at the beach. Cases have been quite numerous where good swimmers dived from the raft and failed to come to the surface, going under, and staying there until one of the guards went down for them. Of course they were brought up unconscious and could not tell why they did not come up as usual. This is another of the mysteries of drowning. If there are more ways of killing a cat than one, so there are more reasons than one why people drown. Good swimmers, bad swimmers, and those who can't swim at all go under



"I'VE JUST COME IN, MISTER."

and stay from time to time. If people will go into the water, people will drown. We guard against accidents to the best of our ability, but occasionally some one goes down never to come up alive. We guards sit here and watch, go in and drag out all who appear in distress, but despite our vigilance suddenly some one will be missed, going down without a word, surrounded by half a hundred persons, any one of whom would possibly have been able to extend a helping hand.

"As soon as the alarm is sounded everyone is called from the water and the guards begin diving and searching along the bottom. It is impossible for anyone to remain under long without being discovered. We have been very successful in saving those who have been taken from the bottom by working on them ashore. In only a comparatively few instances has it been impossible to revive the bather. Of the drownings the public always hears, but the lives that we save at the beach seldom attract attention. Day after day boys have been rescued who probably never even told their parents that they had been on the point of drowning."

"The first thing a boy does on being rescued, if in a conscious condition, is to tell a lie. He will declare that he was not drowning, but was only trying to fool some other boy. It seems to be regarded as a rather disgraceful thing to be caught in the act of drowning. It doesn't reflect very much credit on the average boy, but it is a fact that as soon as he finds that a companion with whom he came to the beach is missing, the survivor begins to think of home and mother, and in nine cases out of ten will start for the bath house without giving the alarm."

"As to how long it is possible for a person to remain under the water and live I do not know. The longest I have any personal knowledge of is 15 minutes. This was the case of a colored man. He fell from a steamboat wharf at a summer resort in Maine. He came on the steamer which blew as it reached the wharf. I heard the whistle and looked at my watch. It was four o'clock. Afterward I went to the wharf and was told that the man fell just as the whistle blew. No one had gone after him, so I dived in and brought him out of 20 feet of water. I looked at my watch and it was 15 minutes and some seconds after four. I had no hope for the man, but he was taken to the hospital and survived. I saw him often afterwards."

"Boys should always have elder brothers or fathers or guardians with them," very earnestly said the life-saver. "They will remain in the water too long, unless they are restrained. Almost invariably when I command a lad to come out he promptly replies: 'I only just come in, mister, 'deed I did. Jimmy, there, has been in for a long time;' when, as a matter of fact, both little rascals have been in the water for two hours or longer. Remaining long in the water weakens people, no matter how strong they may be naturally. The water opens every pore and sucks the skin dry. The boys who are allowed to stay in the water more than an hour are in fit condition to have cramps and drown. The youngsters would stay in the water until they sprouted fins, but the beach attendants are watchful and compel them to come ashore. Very often, after they are dressed, they look so different that they can come back inside of 15 minutes and get into the water again."

SMITH D. FRY.

Remarkable Woman.

"Mrs. Locker is a remarkable woman, isn't she?"

"Well, she certainly makes a good many remarks."—Brooklyn Eagle.



THE HUICHOLO INDIANS.

Mexican Aborigines Who Wear Garments of Elaborate Designs and Have Strange Beliefs.

Mr. Carl Lumholtz, the noted explorer, has recently returned from an expedition into the wilds of northwest Mexico, bringing back a wonderful collection of ceremonial objects, which have just been placed on exhibition on the first floor of the new west wing of the Museum of Natural History at New York.

This material is the work of the Huichol Indians. The area of this race is difficult of access, as they occupy a deep ravine in the Sierra Madre del Norte range, in the state of Jalisco. They are hemmed in by huge mountain walls 8,000 to 10,000 feet in height. Here they have been able to defy all invasion from the outside world and have expelled the missionaries who came to teach them. No churches or priests are allowed in their country, and they are living in the same grade of culture as when Cortez first put foot on Mexican soil.

Having preserved their ancient customs and beliefs unaffected by white contact, they are more than ordinarily interesting to ethnologists. For the first time their products have now been brought to civilization and their mythology reported on.

The Huichol number about 4,000. They dress in garments of their own manufacture, decorated with elaborate and artistic designs. The most interesting industry of the people is weaving. The women make belts, sashes and pouches of cotton and wool. The ribbons and sashes are ornamented with odd and beautiful figures, all of which have a symbolic meaning. Dr. Lumholtz' collections among this tribe not only cover the whole range of their industries, but illustrate in a most exhaustive manner the beliefs



HUICHOLO WOMAN AT WORK.

and ceremonials of the people.

Their country is comparatively arid and their food supply depends largely upon the regularity of the rainfall. For this reason most of their ceremonies are intended to propitiate the gods of rain, and all the objects they use in their ceremonial worship are covered with symbols indicating rain. Most of their gods have control over clouds and rain. In each village there is a large temple around which stand a number of small houses sacred to various deities. In these are deposited the offerings made by the people, says the New York Herald.

Woven shields are sacrificed for good luck. These bear designs of the symbols of the deity to whom they are offered. On others are shown the animals sacred to the deity and a pictorial representation of the object of the prayer. A man who prays for the health of his wife will make an offering on which the figure of a woman is represented weaving or painting. When he prays for the welfare of his herds figures of cattle or sheep are represented on his offering, while a woman who prays for skill in any kind of handiwork sacrifices a sample of it.

A symbol of prayer is attached to an arrow. The arrow is frequently stuck into the thatched roof of the temple, and is supposed to take a course toward the deity, carrying the wishes of the supplicant. In the temples are also found chairs in which the god is supposed to sit. Symbols of prayers are often attached to the seats, where they will at once attract the attention of the deity.

External and Internal.

Elder Sister—Come, Clara, take your powder, like a dear. You never hear me making any complaint about such a thing as that.

Tiny Clara (sorely)—Neither would I if I could daub it on my face. It is swallowing it I object to.—Tit-Bits.

All a Mistake.

Belle—Do you think the world is growing better?

Flora—I thought so, my dear, until I married George to reform him.—Smart Set.

ARE FOND OF DISPLAY.

Coolie Women of Jamaica Dress Themselves in Flery Red and Wear Many Cheap Trinkets.

Some of the most striking individuals one will see in the West Indies are the coolies. There are a great many of these swarthy-skinned people with jet-black eyes and hair on the island of Jamaica. One will meet them in the market place or on the highways tricked out in the most gorgeous colors with tinkling ornaments on neck and arms. Some of them will have all of their earthly possessions represented in the heavy necklace of coins around their necks. Some will have



COOLIE WOMEN OF JAMAICA.

three or four of these necklaces, and bracelet after bracelet on their dusky arms. They are fond of fiery red in their garments and the women are much addicted to the wearing of cheap lace. Little can be said of the housekeeping abilities of the coolie women. It is without order, system or cleanliness. But as the coolie families are hardly ever in their houses excepting to sleep or in stormy weather, they may feel that it is not worth while to "bother" with the ordinary duties of housekeeping. The coolies are lean and lithe, with far greater swiftness of motion than the negroes of Jamaica. They are also more industrious than the negro and are in greater demand on the plantations. There are many thousands of coolies in the West Indian islands. After their emancipation many of the negroes of the island, with the inborn love of idleness of their race, declined to do any more manual labor than was absolutely necessary to provide the scanty clothing required in a tropical climate and such food as nature did not supply in the abundant fruits of the island. When a negro has earned a shilling in the West Indies his work for that day is done, no matter if the sun has not yet reached the meridian. Not so with the coolie. He will work all day and in most cases will do better work than the negro. The laziness of the negro after his emancipation made it necessary to import more industrious laborers, and thus it was that so many coolies found their way to the West Indies.—Detroit Free Press.

SAYING MEAN THINGS.

A Disagreeable Habit Which Is Cultivated Most Assiduously by Too Many Women.

It is unhappily true that many people take great delight in saying disagreeable things to their friends, but there are very few who have sufficient courage or frankness to speak openly or to risk being considered rude or malicious. So they will use a great deal of circumlocution to convey the disagreeable truth or criticism which they feel unable to resist uttering, but for which they do not wish to be held accountable. As everyone knows by unpleasant experience, a remark that may sound deeply may be veiled with conventional politeness so thoroughly that the malice of the speaker cannot be detected, and, although you who listen know, and the speaker knows you know, that the cutting speech is made with a purpose, there is nothing to take exception to.

"Do you know how Mrs. Sharp manages to say the most unpleasant things to your face she can think of?" said one of her victims. "She repeats a remark presumably made by a third person who never existed, an imaginary Mrs. Harris, who says everything she is dying to say herself, and does not dare to. I have discovered that she has a regular plan of working. First, she begins by exciting your curiosity. She has heard something about you, she gives you to understand in a round-about fashion, and, of course, you want to know what it is. 'But it will vex you,' she purrs; then you get wilder than ever and insist upon being told. Finally, after much persuasion, she tells you of some remark that has been made about you that makes you feel uncomfortable all over. Of course, nothing will induce her to tell you who has said it, and you are left under the impression that it is one of your friends who has either maligned you or exposed your faults. It took me a long time to find her out, but I feel sure now that she makes everything up, and then shields herself behind an imaginary third person."—N. Y. Tribune.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Death of Judge Champlin.

John W. Champlin, ex-chief justice of the Michigan supreme court, died at his home in Grand Rapids, aged 70 years. He had been in declining health for some time. Judge Champlin had been a resident of Grand Rapids since 1854. He was elected mayor of the city three years later and justice of the supreme court in 1891. He had for years been president of the Grand Rapids Fire Insurance company. In addition thereto he was president of the Grand Rapids Historical society, vice president of the Michigan Political Science club, prominent in masonic work and past grand master of Michigan. A widow and three children survive him.

Smallpox Scare.

There are 29 cases of smallpox and varioloid among the attendants and patients of the insane asylum in Kalamazoo, who became affected by a female nurse who was recently away for a short time. Her affliction was first diagnosed as chicken pox. No one knows where she contracted the disease. The grounds and buildings are all quarantined and no one is allowed to leave the buildings or grounds. The 1,700 patients were being vaccinated as rapidly as possible.

Health in Michigan.

Reports to the state board of health from 80 observers in various portions of the state for the week ended July 20 indicate that diphtheria, typhoid fever and smallpox increased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 177 places, measles at 31, typhoid fever at 36, scarlet fever at 54, diphtheria at 20, whooping cough at 7, cerebro-spinal meningitis at 6 and smallpox at 63 places.

Shot Himself.

Samuel Le Claire, aged 30, shot himself through the heart, dying instantly, at his home in Lake Linden. He leaves a wife and a family of small children. He was engaged in the livery business, at which he prospered for some years, but sold the stable and opened a saloon on May 1, since which time he became entangled in several law suits, and killed himself in a fit of despondency.

Crop Outlook.

The weekly crop report of the Washington weather bureau says for Michigan:

Weather hot, nearly cloudless, and dry; wheat, barley and rye harvest and haying made rapid progress and all cut is well secured; oats maturing rapidly; harvest general in southern counties; corn and sugar beets made good growth; late potatoes and beans doing well, but need more moisture; hot, dry weather has shortened early potato and berry yields; pasturage getting poor.

Killed His Friend.

Morton Starr Cressy, of Hartford, Conn., shot and instantly killed at Brattleboro, Vt., Sidney Bristol, of Battle Creek, mistaking him for a burglar. The men were friends of long standing. They graduated from Yale together and entered the Harvard law school together. Cressy is 24 years of age. Bristol was about the same age.

Factory Burned.

The big maple flooring factory of Thomas Foreman & Co. was totally destroyed by fire in Petoskey, together with 6,000,000 feet of lumber and a dwelling house. The loss is estimated at \$300,000; insurance, \$56,000. The fire caught from the engine room.

News Briefly Stated.

Gov. Bliss filled the vacant tax commissioner's position by the appointment of Mannville Jenks, of Ishpeming, to the position.

According to the annual report of the receiver of the public land office for Michigan the federal government now owns 462,157 acres of land in this state.

The state board of mediation and arbitration met in Lansing and C. H. Johnson, of Detroit, was elected president.

An effort will be made to reorganize the defunct Clare County Agricultural society and hold a fair this fall.

The chief of police has ordered all slot machines to be removed from Flint.

The Adventists have paid \$19,000 in cash for the three farms near Berrien Springs upon which their \$150,000 college will be erected.

No less than five farmers' families were burned out as a result of forest fires which have been raging in the vicinity of Hillman.

Detroit celebrated the anniversary of Cadillac's landing there 200 years ago.

The state board of health is arranging plans to carry into effect the new law providing for the licensing of embalmers.

The comptroller of the currency has declared a dividend of 26 1/2 per cent. in favor of the creditors of the insolvent First national bank of White Pigeon.

Lester Compton, of Muskegon, a well-known young man, was taken with cramps while bathing and drowned in view of 3,000 people at Lake Michigan park.

Hattie Williams, 15-year-old daughter of LaFée Williams, of Sherman City, committed suicide by shooting. The cause was a love affair.



JUST BEFORE DROWNING.

ergy has been all spent. Possibly they may manage to keep afloat until assistance comes, so when they cry out they are not actually drowning. When it comes to giving up and going under they sink slowly, but without a sound.

"The more I think of this phase of the drowning question the more remarkable it seems. Boys have been drowned here who would have been rescued had they but called once. They have gone under surrounded by companions and so close to the life guard that rescue would have been assured had there been any signal whatsoever."

"The impression that a drowning person comes to the surface three times is a mistake. In fact, in most cases he goes under once and stays there unless some one goes after him. Ordinarily, a person overboard takes enough water into the body on first sinking to weight it so that it will not

Dropsy

starting in the feet or ankles comes from a weak or diseased heart—a heart that cannot keep up the circulation. The blood then settles in the lower limbs where the watery portions ooze out into surrounding tissues causing bloating and swelling. The heart must be strengthened and built up before the dropsy can be cured to stay; and the best of all heart medicines is Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.

"I had palpitation, shortness of breath, pain in heart, swelling of feet and ankles, hungry spells and was confined to my bed and easy chair. A few bottles of Dr. Miles' Heart Cure made me well."
Mrs. C. OSBORNE, Clyde, O.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

gives new strength to the heart, regulates the circulation, stimulates the digestion and restores health. Sold by druggists on a guarantee.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

THE CHELSEA HERALD

T. W. MINGAY, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

for \$1.00 per year strictly in advance.

Entered at the Post Office at Chelsea, Mich., as second class matter.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 1, 1901.

FRIENDS AND PATRONS OF THE CHELSEA HERALD WHO HAVE BUSINESS AT THE PROBATE OFFICE ARE REQUESTED TO HAVE JUDGE WATKINS SEND THEIR PROBATE AND OTHER LEGAL NOTICES FROM THAT OFFICE TO THE HERALD.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

[OFFICIAL]

Chelsea, Mich., July 24, 1901.

Pursuant to adjourned meeting of July 22 board met in council room.

Meeting called to order by the president. Roll called by the clerk.

Present, F. P. Glazier, president, and trustees Schenk, Lehman and McKune. Absent, Burkhardt, Snyder and J. Bacon. Moved by Lehman, seconded by McKune, that we adjourn until tomorrow, July 25, at 9:30 a. m. Carried.

W. H. HESELSCHWERDT, Clerk.

Chelsea, Mich., July 25, 1901.

Pursuant to adjournment board met in regular session.

Meeting called to order by the president. Roll called by the clerk.

Present, F. P. Glazier, president, and trustees Burkhardt, Schenk, Lehman and McKune. Absent, Snyder and J. Bacon. Moved by Burkhardt, seconded by Schenk, that the plans for establishing grade for street railway be referred to street committee with full power to act. Carried.

The plans and specifications for paving and laying sewer was then presented.

Moved by Lehman, seconded by Schenk, that the clerk be instructed to advertise for bids on paving streets and laying sewers according to plans submitted by Prof. Chas. E. Greene. Carried.

On motion board adjourned.

W. H. HESELSCHWERDT, Clerk.

What a Tale it Tells.

If that mirror of yours shows a wretched, sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin, it's liver trouble; but Dr. King's New Life Pills regulate the liver, purify the blood, give clear skin, rosy cheeks, rich complexion. Only 25c at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

Michigan Central Excursions.

A special excursion train will be run to Detroit, Sunday, Aug. 4, leaving Chelsea at 8:25 a. m. Returning the train will leave Detroit at 8:00 p. m. Fare for the round trip 70 cents.

On and after Sunday, May 5, regular excursion rates will be given on the Michigan Central both east and west to any point at single fare for the round trip. Excursionists must be back at the point of starting by 12 o'clock midnight. Tickets good on all trains that stop regularly at the stations.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST.

Schrader, the divine healer, has struck Ann Arbor.

Eaton Rapids will have a Farmers' Carnival of Fun Thursday and Friday, Aug. 8 and 9. Prizes will be given for every imaginable sport and entries for everything, horse races included, are free to all.

For wedding cards, visiting cards, business cards, letter heads, note heads, bill heads, statements and envelopes at low-st possible prices, for the grades of material, come to the Herald office. We keep the best as well as the cheaper grades of stock, so as to meet the demands of all corners. You can always get your job work done neatly, promptly and at a right price, at the job office of the Chelsea Herald. Call and see us.

James Hogan, of Bridgewater, who is a big dealer in sheep, has come to the conclusion that, owing to the low price of wool, and the high price of corn, there is little money in the business now. During the past three years he has shipped in and sold to the farmers of southwestern Wash- tenaw, 38,000 sheep. These are purchased in the fall, wintered on the farms, and sold in the spring in eastern markets. He says that the price of corn promises to be so high that it will hardly pay farmers to winter sheep this season.

A newspaper editor is blamed with a lot he can't help, such as using partiality in mentioning visitors, giving news about some people, and ignoring the coming and going of others, etc. He simply prints the news he can find. Some people in- form him of such things while others do not. An editor should not be expected to know the names and residence of all your uncles, aunts and cousins if he should see them get off the train. Tell him about it; its news that makes a paper, and every man, woman and child can be and ought to be an associate editor.

The beauty thief has come to stay. Unless you drive the pimples and black heads away;

Do this; don't look like a fright; Take Rocky Mountain Tea tonight. Glazier & Stimson.

"Green Goods" Men Caught.

A number of "green goods" circular letters were received at the Ann Arbor post office some days ago. Among them was one directed to Henry C. Exinger, an Ann Arbor business man. He turned it over to Postmaster Pond, who forwarded it to Washington officials. Then a trap was set for the bunco man. Mr. Pond was directed to follow instructions con- tained in the green goods circular about communicating with the man, who had \$500 to sell for \$100, using Mr. Exinger's name. He did so, and all arrangements were made for "Exinger" to go on to Mauch Chunk, Pa., where the delivery was to be made.

Instead of Exinger or Pond, however, it was Postoffice Inspectors Malone, and Holden, of Philadelphia, who had the magic password "naftin" and met the green goods man at that place.

The fellow was there ready to receive them, and was immediately arrested. He is Frank Wallace, alias W. A. Gray. He made a confession of his guilt.

From the number of the letters received at the Ann Arbor office it looks as if the "green goods" men thought its citizens good marks on whom to ply their schemes.

Helps young ladies to withstand the shock of sudden proposals, that's what Rocky Mountain Tea has done. 35c. Made by Madison Medicine Co. Glazier & Stimson.

Up Go Insurance Rates.

The state insurance trust has ordered a 10 per cent raise in all rates, excepting risks on dwellings, homes, churches, court houses and brick and stone risks. All stocks of goods and special hazards will be raised under order. The com- panies have not been making much money in the state during the past year. The losses for the past six months have been \$14,000,000 less than last year. Is it not about time for merchants and other business men to take this matter of insurance into their own hands and form mutual insurance companies, as the farmers do? The farmer is often smiled at by his city brother as being a trifle slow for a business man, but in this matter of insurance he is away ahead of the city fellow.

If a dealer asks you to take something said to be "just as good as Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madison Medicine Co.," ask him if he makes more money. Glazier & Stimson.

The village taxes for the year 1901 will be due July 1st and the roll is now in my hands, and my office for the purpose of receiving taxes will be in the store of John Farrell where all taxpayers will please pay their taxes before the first day of August. JACOB HUMMEL, Treasurer.

PERSONALS.

Edgar Steinbach visited friends in Ann Arbor Friday evening.

The Misses Mabel McGuinness and Nellie Savage are visiting Ann Arbor friends this week.

Phillip Kelly and family, of Richmond, Va., visited his brother, John Kelly, the latter part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Leach went to Paw Paw Saturday to spend a week visiting with relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Shaver and Mrs. George Millsbaugh returned Friday from a week's camping at Long Lake.

The Misses Hepler, Minnie Vogel, Ida Klein, Stella Conlan, Clara Feldkamp and others left Monday for a week's visit to the Pan-American exposition.

The Misses Lena Foster and Theresa Winters returned home from their visit to the Pan-American Sunday evening, having had a most enjoyable outing.

Ann Arbor Argus: Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bleich, of the South University avenue grocery, are for a short time enjoying the cool breezes at the Thousand Islands.

Miss Edith Boyd left Monday for a month's visit in New York state. She will visit the Pan-American, also relatives at Pen-Yau, Watkins' Glen and other points.

To Save Her Child

From frightful disfigurement Mrs. Nan- nie Galleger, of La Grange, Ga., applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve to great sores on her head and face, and writes its quick cure exceeded all her hopes. It works wonders in sores, bruises, skin eruptions, cuts, burns, scalds and piles. 25c. Cure guaranteed by Glazier & Stimson, drug- gist.



Going West via Frankfort Across Lake Michigan.

The Ann Arbor car ferries are now run- ning on regular schedule between Frank- fort, Mich., and Kewaunee and Mani- towoc, Wis., and between Frankfort and Menominee and Gladstone, Mich. Ann Arbor railroad trains connect at Frank- fort with these boats making a most de- sirable route between Northern Wisconsin and the Upper and Lower Peninsulas of Michigan. The passenger fare via this route is lower than via any all rail route.

Special Excursions to Minnesota.

Commencing June 18 and continuing until Sept. 10, the Ann Arbor R. R. will sell excursion tickets to St. Paul, Min- napolis and Duluth at very low rates for the round trip. Call on agents for par- ticulars, or write

J. J. KIRBY, G. P. A., Toledo, Ohio

Subscribe for the Herald only \$1 a year.

The Great

WASHTENAW FAIR

Will be held at

ANN ARBOR,

Oct. 1, 2, 3, 4, 1901

The Premium Dist is now in the printers' hands and will be ready for distribution in 15 days.

The managers are busy getting up

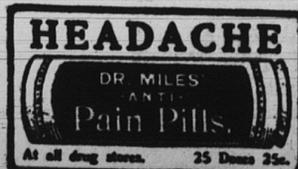
New Attractions

Among them in all probability will be an

Automobile Race,

A Running Race for County Horses,

and the trained pacers Nan Wilkes and Humming Bird are under con- sideration to be there.



HEADQUARTERS

FOR

Screen Doors,

Window Screens,

Ice Cream Freezers,

Refrigerators,

Fruit Jars,

Water Sets.

Special Prices on Hammocks.

HOAG & HOLMES.

We sell Plymouth Binder Twine. Best on Earth.

SUMMER CLOTHING

AT

THE GLASS BLOCK TAILORING PARLORS

We have received the largest and best shipment of

Woolens of Foreign and Domestic Styles and Weaves.

No pasteboards or big sample books to select from, but the real thing— goods by the yard and piece.

Prices as close as goods can be made up by able and intelligent mechanics.

You are cordially invited to call and examine this large and fine stock. No trouble to show goods.

RAFTREY,

Phone 37. The Worker of Men's Woolens.

AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL

Ann Arbor Improved Quick Lighting

GASOLINE LAMP

One of the best selling articles on the market. EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY. Intending agents should secure territory at once. Why not sell something useful? An article which everyone can use, which will save its cost three or four times in a year; furnishes the cheapest artificial light known; but one-tenth of the people have modern light facilities; good commission. For further information address or call at the office of the

Superior Manufacturing Co.,

Ann Arbor, - Michigan,

Manufacturers of Gasoline Lamps, and Deslerr in Mantles, Shades, Chimneys, Gas and Gasoline Lamp Supplies. Special attention given to mail orders. Write for prices

ICE. - ICE.

We commenced delivering ice to our customers May 1 and will continue delivering as long as the warm weather continues. Owing to the advanced cost of labor and ice we have been compelled to slightly increase our prices for ice this season, and we shall deliver it on the following named days and

PRICES:

25 lbs., six times a week, delivered at curb, per month,	\$1.20
25 lbs., six times a week, washed and put in ice box, per month,	1.60
25 lbs., four times a week, delivered at curb,	1.00

CHELSEA CONSUMERS' ICE CO.

Advertise in the Herald.

S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

TO CLOSE OUT AT ONCE.

All Men's Fine Straw Hats

Half Price.

Every Hat is marked in plain figures and goes at just half that price.

does not include the Men's Straw "Working Hats." We positively will not carry over any Straw Hats.

ANNUAL CLEARING SALE

—OF—

DRY GOODS AND SHOES

A large lot of Wool Dress Goods at prices that will clean them up at once. A great many of these are out of the Schenck bankrupt stock.

and 89c Dress Goods at 40c per yd
to 75c Dress Goods at 35c to 30c per yd

All go at Half Price, some at less than Half Price.

Light Colored Gingham, special 5c
to 15c Light Colored Gingham, special 7c
Corsets R. & G., Warner Bros' Duplex, Ball's Royal Worcester, Thomson's Glove Fitting, special, 69c

39c Summer Corsets 25c.

Best Dark Prints, 6c and 7c qualities, 4c
10 pairs Kid Gloves, 69c

REMNANT SALE.

Remnants of Wool and Cotton Dress Goods at attractive prices. Big lot of Table Damask Remnants. Big lot of Crash Remnants.

SPECIAL RUG SALE.

Best Alex. Smith Sons & Co.'s Moquette Rugs, always \$2.25 to \$2.75, now \$1.75
Best Alex. Smith Sons & Co.'s Moquette Rugs, always \$4.50, now \$3.10

These we have just placed on sale.

Extra Good Values in Women's and Children's Shoes.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

Fine Job Printing

OF EVERY KIND.

Fine Monogram Stationery

Fancy Envelopes,

AND

Engraved Visiting Cards

—AT—

THE HERALD OFFICE.

ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST.

Fred Roedel is fixing over his house and adding another story to it.

Thursday, Aug. 20, will be observed as College day at the Pan-American.

Eleven barns were burned in Washtenaw county during the recent thunderstorms.

The German M. E. church at Rowe's Corners held its annual convention Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

New hay is being quoted in Ann Arbor markets at \$8 to \$10 a ton. Sufficient is being offered to supply the demand.

A man who can neither read nor write has recently been appointed executor of an estate by the probate court of this county.

The 32-page and colored cover edition gotten out by the Detroit To-day in commemoration of the bi-centenary was a fine piece of journalistic enterprise.

The statements of the Chelsea Savings Bank and the Kempf Commercial and Savings Bank published last week show that they have \$597,769.63 on deposit.

A five days' state teachers' institute is in progress this week at the high school, Ann Arbor. A large number of the teachers of the county are in attendance.

The Glazier Stove Co. shipped a carload of stoves, etc., to San Francisco Saturday. This week they are shipping a carload each to Seattle, Wash., and Los Angeles, Cal.

The Michigan Central is trying a new experiment at Warren to control expansion of rails by laying rails in 500 foot lengths and then putting down a rail 15 feet in cement for an anchor.

Miss Catharine Metzger, for many years a resident of Weinsberg, fell in Henry Paul's yard, in Pittsfield, where she is now making her home. Friday, and broke her arm. She is 83 years old.

Bids are being asked by the village council for constructing sewers and laying a brick or asphalt block pavement on Main and Middle streets. The bids will be opened next Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

The hay crop around Milan is the largest that has been harvested in years, and the wheat crop being threshed is yielding 20 to 30 bushels to the acre. Corn and oats are a little behind time. Potatoes and fruit will be very small crops.

Dr. Ernest R. Mensel, who for some time past has held the position of assistant professor in German at the University of Michigan, has accepted the position of head of the German department at Smith College at a salary of \$2,500 a year.

Dexter Leader: The Michigan Central's work east of town is progressing finely. Nearly all the excavating for the new tracks is done and a part of the track has been laid. A large gang of men and teams is now employed near Scio. The company is ballasting the new tracks with gravel taken from the pit on Arnold's farm west of Dexter.

The man who left his team of horses standing on Main street from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Thursday last, without a mouthful to eat or a drop of water to drink, and, it was a fearful hot day, too, should have been arrested for cruelty to animals, and should have a dose of the same treatment administered to him that he gave to his poor animals. He, at any rate, had all he needed to drink that day.

C. W. Case, of Manchester, received a letter from Addis Berger, of Rosebud, Oregon, the other day, in which is the following paragraph: "I have become acquainted with Dr. Twitchell, he is the first person I have seen from Michigan since coming west. I found that he was a graduate at Ann Arbor, had doctorated at Chelsea for a time, but remembering the time he had been in Oregon, he moved here and is doing a fine business."

Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage says that "A newspaper whose columns overflow with the ads of business men has more influence in attracting attention to aid building up a city or town than any other agency that can be employed. People go where there is business. Capital and labor will locate where there is an enterprising community. No power on earth is so strong to build up a town as newspapers well patronized, and the power should be appreciated."

Two fellows went into Jake Reichert's hotel at Manchester Maccabee day and each stowed away an ample dinner under his vest. They then attempted to get away without paying for what they had had. Deputy Sheriff Holm's arrested them and while they were eating supper at the hotel he kept watch at the dining room door. His attention was called away from them momentarily, and they skipped out through the kitchen door. After a mile chase he again got them and Justice Hagaman sentenced them to 10 days each at Ann Arbor. Holmes had better feed his prisoners in the lockup hereafter. It will cause him less trouble.

Saline will have electric lights and proposes to celebrate the event.

Next Thursday, Aug. 8, is German-American day in Ann Arbor.

Mrs. Loren Glover is having a new house built for her occupancy on Polk street.

The people of St. Mary's church, Piquette, will have their annual picnic Thursday, Aug. 15.

A movement is on foot to change the date of presidential inauguration day to a date later in the year than March 4.

It is said that the post office department will try the experiment of delivering mail on the rural routes with automobiles.

The state tax commission has refused to give the supervisors of Jackson county any information about the assessments of other counties.

The business men of Milan have arranged with the band in that village to give an open air concert every Thursday evening until further notice.

The Dexter common council has ordered the Dexter Electric Light Co. to remove its poles from the streets within 30 days owing to the poor service given.

The Lutheran ice cream social on Mrs. Frey's lawn Saturday evening cleared up about \$25. Double that amount could have been made had they had cream enough to supply the demand.

The Washtenaw Times says: "It is a curious fact that so far as heard from, all the trees struck by lightning in the recent storm were elms, and all the horses killed were standing under elm trees."

"Yes," stormed his wife, "you have been complaining all along because, you say I am not economical enough, and now you object because there doesn't seem to be goods enough in my bathing suit."

W. A. Boland's herd of champion Shorthorn cattle are being fitted at Grey Tower for the fall fairs. Next month the cattle will go to the show at Louisville, and from there will be exhibited at Buffalo, Syracuse, Toronto, Pontiac and other places.

The annual tri-county farmers' picnic is to be held at Whitmore Lake, Saturday, Aug. 31. The executive committee have arranged a good program for the day's entertainment. An effort is being made to secure Golden Rule Jones, of Toledo, O., as one of the speakers.

Secretary Wilson, of the department of agriculture, says that within ten years the United States will produce all its own sugar. He predicts a great future for the now rapidly developing beet sugar industry. There is a large acreage of beets in this county and those who have the right soil and work the crop rightly will reap a good profit.

The will of Aner F. Woodin, who died here several years ago, has been filed for probate. He leaves his widow a life interest in the estate and at her death it is to be divided between his son and daughters, as follows: Ella J. Manville, three eighths; Martha Livingston, two eighths; Maria Latchwell, two eighths; Charles Woodin, one eighth. Mrs. Woodin having died June 26 the estate will now be divided up.

The will of Jacob Huber, of Manchester, has been filed for probate. The estate consists of \$500 in personal property and \$4,000 worth of real estate. The widow is given \$2,000 for her life use and the balance is divided among the sons and daughters with the exception that Jacob Huber, jr., of Norvell, Jackson Co., is cut off with \$5, owing to the fact that the testator thought he had already been advanced more than his share. A chance for a contest.

The state barbers' examining board requires that licenses shall be kept in conspicuous places, that mugs, razors, etc., be sterilized, that a clean towel be provided for every customer, that alum, etc., be used only in powdered form, that powder puffs or sponges be prohibited, that all shops have cold and hot water, that the office be not used as a sleeping apartment, and that the hands of the barber be thoroughly cleansed after shaving each customer. Query: Is all this done?

Just received at C. Steinbach's a splendid lot of all kinds of Fly Nets, consisting of heavy and light leather, heavy cord and light mesh nets.

Their Secret is Out. All Sadleville, Ky., was curious to learn the cause of the vast improvement in the health of Mrs. S. P. Whitaker, who had for a long time endured untold suffering from a chronic bronchial trouble. "It's all due to Dr. King's New Discovery," writes her husband. "It completely cured her and also cured our little granddaughter of a severe attack of whooping cough." It positively cures coughs, colds, la grippe, bronchitis, all throat and lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Glazier & Slimsou's drug store.

PEOPLE'S WANTS.

BAY HORSE, 7 years old, weight 1,200 pounds, for sale cheap. Inquire of Geo. P. Staffan, Chelsea.

OLD NEWSPAPERS—Only 5 cents for a big package to put under carpets or on your pantry shelves, at the HERALD office

JAPANESE Napkins for sale in large or small quantities at the Herald Office.

Puritan

SHOES

The best Shoes sold.

Always \$3.50.

JACOB MAST

Sole Agent.

Other makes from \$1.00 to \$2.50.

Prime Meats

AT

LOW PRICES

AT



BAUER BROS.'

Meat Market.

We have always on hand the finest

Fresh, Salt & Smoked Meats, Sausages, Pure Kettle Rendered Lard, Etc.,

Give us a call we will treat you right. Chelsea Telephone connection.

BAUER BROS.

Cheaper

Than Shoe Leather?

A Chelsea Telephone at \$1.00 a month.

Don't get out in the sun these hot days, but let electricity do your errands.

YOU CAN TALK

With Detroit for 15c

With Jackson for 15c

With Ann Arbor for 10c

If you think of what you want to say ahead.

Chelsea Telephone Co.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect July 11, 1901. 90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea station as follows:

GOING EAST. No 8—Detroit Night Express... 5:20 A.M. No 30—Atlantic Express... 7:15 A.M. No 12—Grand Rapids Express... 10:40 A.M. No 6—Mail and Express... 3:15 P.M.

GOING WEST. No 3—Mail and Express... 9:15 A.M. No 13—Grand Rapids Express... 6:20 P.M. No 7—Chicago Night Express... 10:20 P.M. No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.

E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent, Chelsea. O. W. RUEGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

MONEY To PATENT Good Ideas may be secured by our aid. Address THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md. Subscriptions to The Patent Record \$1.00 per annum.

TIGER SKINS FROM INDIA.

Sent to the University of Michigan General Museum by Dr. Galen G. Crozier.

ONE 12 FEET LONG FROM TIP TO TIP.

Regent Butterfield Gives His Views on the Forestry Question—The Alaskan Boundary Dispute Discussed by President Angell—Ann Arbor's Contributions.

[Special Correspondence.]
University of Michigan, July 29.—A tiger's skin which measures 12 feet from tip to tip has been added to the general museum. It was contributed by Dr. Galen G. Crozier, who was graduated from the medical department in 1899 and who is now a missionary in India.

Accompanying the large skin were two smaller skins, several skulls of tigers and a leopard skull.

Mrs. Crozier, who is with her husband, is also a graduate of the university, she taking the degree of bachelor of arts in 1897. Mr. and Mrs. Crozier are stationed at Tura, Assam, India. They are working under the auspices of the Baptist society. Last year Dr. Crozier treated 3,185 patients.

The Forestry Question.
Regent Roger W. Butterfield, whose home is in Grand Rapids, and who is interested in the university's taking up the forestry problem, recently spoke as follows:

The situation of Michigan, on the borders of the great prairie states, which furnishes an endless market for forest products, with a soil and climate peculiarly fitted for the production of forest products, furnish an opportunity through their development for a steady and continuing income to the state and a permanent benefit to the happiness and health of its citizens. But this end will be gained, as it has already been gained in Europe, not by experiments thoughtlessly commenced and spasmodically followed, but by profiting by the experience of those who have already acquired knowledge on the subject, and by the spread of general knowledge as to forest matters and the creation of a class of men able to devise and preserve an intelligent and comprehensive system.

It is Mr. Butterfield's belief that it is one of the missions of the university to educate this class of men who are to devise the comprehensive system.

The Alaskan Boundary.
President James B. Angell spoke last week before the students attending the summer sessions on the Alaskan boundary dispute. He went into the history of the acquirement of Alaska at some length. The United States, in purchasing the territory, received it with the same boundaries that it had when belonging to Russia. These were not clearly defined, but that did not make much difference, as neither Russia nor England then had any particular reason for desiring the land now in dispute. It has only been since the gold region has been discovered that the country has become a bone of contention. This land which Canada and the United States both claim contains the most valuable routes for reaching the interior, where the gold fields are.

It is the belief of Dr. Angell that the Alaskan boundary matter will be settled by an English and United States commission, which will take up several questions on which there are differences of opinion, such as the exact meaning of the Bulwer-Clayton treaty in regard to an interoceanic canal, the subject of the seal fisheries, etc. By a method of "giving and taking" it will be possible to dispose of the questions by a single commission.

Gets an Honorary Degree.
Prof. Robert M. Wenley, the head of the department of philosophy, has been honored with the degree of doctor of laws from the University of Glasgow. He represented the University of Michigan at the celebration of the four hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the university of Glasgow. At the ceremonies Prof. Wenley headed the delegates from the universities of the United States. He presented a Latin address of congratulation, which had been composed by Prof. Rolfe, of the Latin department of the University of Michigan, and had been illuminated by Prof. DePont, of the University of Michigan. In speaking of the address afterwards, Prof. Wenley said: "It made a brave show in its fine morocco case."

Power Plant Overhauled.
Six of the boilers in the power plant at the southeast corner of the campus are being replaced by new and larger boilers. The work of making the change is proving a task of no small dimensions. The floor of the boiler-room is some 16 feet below the level of the ground, and the old boilers have to be raised this height and the new boilers lowered into place. The other material, such as bricks, fixings, etc., also have to be changed from one level to the other. With the new boilers the steam producing ability of the plant will be increased about one-half.

Ann Arbor's Contributions.
Since the organization of the uni-

versity on its present basis the city (formerly village) of Ann Arbor and its citizens have made many and large contributions to the institution. Among these gifts might be mentioned the following:

- 1837—University campus, by William R. Thompson, W. S. Maynard, E. W. Morgan, August Garratt and Daniel B. Brown. (Value not estimated).
 - 1864—Addition to Medical building. (Cost \$20,000.) Raised by tax in Ann Arbor.....\$10,000
 - 1865—Addition to observatory (\$6,000), citizens of Ann Arbor..... 3,000
 - 1865—Raised in city by Dr. Tappan for general library..... 1,515
 - 1868—Rogers' Nydia, by Rogers' Art association, composed of citizens of Ann Arbor..... 1,700
 - 1878—Beal-Steers collection..... 20,000
 - 1891—Site for University hospital..... 25,000
 - 1899—Site for Homeopathic hospital..... 17,000
 - 1900—Prof. E. L. Walter, library (not estimated)..... 20,000
 - Mrs. Edward Treadwell, bequest 2,000
 - 1901—Mrs. L. M. Palmer, bequest..... 35,000
- Besides these Ann Arbor alumni contributed generously toward Newberry hall, the gymnasium and the Alumni association.

R. H. E.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY.

List of All the Towns in Michigan Where the Post Office Department Has Established Routes.

Following is a list of all the rural free delivery routes in operation in Michigan July 1:

Adrian, Albion, Allegan, Alma, Ann Arbor, Bancroft, Battle Creek, Bay City, Benton Harbor, Blissfield, Brighton, Brownstown, Brooklyn, Brown City, Burt, Byron, Capac, Caro, Cedar Springs, Ceresco, Charlotte, Chelsea, Chesaning, Clarkston, Clifton, Clinton, Coldwater, Corunna, Davison, Detroit, Dryden, Durand, Eaton Rapids, Eckford, Elsie, Fairgrove, Farmington, Fenton, Ferrisville, Flint, Fowlerville, Fremont, Grand Ledge, Grand Rapids, Grass Lake, Greenville, Hamburg, Harbor Beach, Hillsdale, Holly, Homer, Howell, Jackson, Jonesville, Kalamazoo, Laingsburg, Lansing, Leslie, Litchfield, Lowell, Manchester, Mayville, Mendon, Middleville, Millington, Milford, Monroe, Morrice, Muskegon, Niles, Nottawa, Okemos, Orchard Lake, Owosso, Perrington, Perry, Pittsford, Portland, Quincy, Reading, Ridgeway, Riga, Rockford, Saginaw, West Side, St. Charles, St. Johns, St. Louis, Salem, Sherwood, South Haven, Springport, Swartz Creek, Tekonsha, Tip-top, Vermontville, Vassar, Vernon, West Bay City, Williamston, Ypsilanti.

SUIT FOR DIVORCE.

Sequel to a Marriage of University of Michigan Students is an Appeal for Separation.

Mrs. Carrie Barker York has begun suit in Ann Arbor for divorce against her husband, Bert Starr York, who was graduated in June from the engineering department of the university. The petitioner alleges that they were married at Whitmore Lake at the opening of his sophomore year of residence at the university and that they lived together happily until four months before his graduation, when he announced that he had concluded to have nothing more to do with her, and utterly refused to support her.

Since then her husband has refused to speak to her when they met, and she has been obliged to go back to her parents. Mrs. York is now at the home of her parents in Northfield, a few miles from Ann Arbor.

OPEN GAME SEASON.

State Warden Morse Informs Sportsmen When It Is Legal to Shoot Birds.

Attorney General Oren having decided that only one section of the new game and fish bill is invalid, and not the whole law, as was claimed by some, State Game Warden Grant M. Morse has issued a statement of the open seasons in which birds can be shot in the state. The seasons are as follows:

"All wild waterfowl, October 1 to November 30, both inclusive; quail, partridge, spruce hen and woodcock in the lower peninsula, from October 20 to November 30, both inclusive. In the upper peninsula partridge may be killed from October 1 to November 30, both inclusive, in each year."

Identified.

The identity of the mysterious woman who was at the Commercial hotel in Menominee in the last stages of consumption has been established. She is the wife of W. D. Woods, formerly a prominent lumberman of Iron River, but who is now in the far west. The couple are said to have separated some time since, and the woman remained at Iron River when not traveling for her health. The sick woman's sister, who resides at Iron River, arrived in Menominee and took Mrs. Woods back home with her.

Likes Army Life.

Fren Francis, who recently returned to Stockbridge from 18 months' service in the Philippines, has again enlisted, this time in the regular army for three years, and has gone to San Francisco. His people were surprised to hear of his enlistment, as he had often declared he had had enough of army life.

Dog Has Long Swim.

An English setter dog belonging to W. C. Hovey was stolen from Benton Harbor and taken on a boat bound for Chicago. When in mid-lake it gnawed the ropes attached to it and jumped into the water. After swimming at least 20 miles and probably more the dog arrived home.

WHAT NEW LAW SAYS.

Institutions Known as Private Hospitals for Women Must Have Board of Health License.

The law passed by the last legislature for the regulation of women's private hospitals, which will go into effect in September, provides that no such hospitals shall be established and maintained without a license secured from the board of health of the township or city wherein the hospital is kept. The law says further: The person or persons desiring to obtain such a license must first file with the board of health a written application indorsed by six or more persons of good moral character who are resident taxpayers of the county, who shall certify to the respectability of the applicant, and that such hospital shall only be used for legitimate, moral and charitable purposes.

If, after due inquiry, such health board is satisfied that the applicant is a proper person and the premises are suitably and properly arranged for such purpose, it may grant the license upon the payment of a fee of five dollars, which goes into the city or township treasury. The license is good for one year, subject, however, to revocation by the board of health upon the violation of the rules and regulations enacted by the said board of health for the government of such hospitals. Every license shall specify the name and residence of those so undertaking the care of the hospital and the number of women thereby allowed to be received or kept therein.

Every person who gets a license shall keep a register wherein, he shall enter the full names and addresses of each person admitted, the date of admission, the date of birth of every child born on said premises, and the names and residences of their parents, so far as known, and also a correct register of the name and age of every child who is given out, adopted, taken away or indentured from such place, together with the name of the person or persons so adopting, and shall cause a correct copy of such register to be sent to the board of health issuing such license within 48 hours after such child is adopted or given out.

The law also makes such hospitals subject to visits of inspection at any reasonable time by the board of health or any special officer appointed for that purpose by any duly incorporated society for the prevention of cruelty to children, such records being accessible only to such board of health and special officer.

Violations of the law are termed misdemeanors and violators are subject to a fine for the first offense of not to exceed \$100 or imprisonment not to exceed three months, and for the second offense a fine of not less than \$100, nor exceeding \$200, or by imprisonment for not less than three months or over one year, or both such fine and imprisonment.

This law, however, does not apply to any asylum, hospital or home duly incorporated under the laws of the state.

REACH AN AGREEMENT.

Michigan Private Bankers Confer with the Tax Commission on Methods of Assessment.

About 40 private bankers, representing about one-half of the private banking institutions of the state, met in Lansing to confer with the state tax commission on the decision of the attorney general that the commission had ample authority under the law to examine private banks and hold the owners the same as private individuals. The meeting was perfectly harmonious and an agreement was reached that is perfectly satisfactory to both sides. The commissioners told the moneyed men that in the statement they were required to make they would not be expected to disclose the names of depositors, but that they did want to get at the capital of each bank so that the assessments could be properly made. The bankers expressed willingness to furnish any sworn statement desired by the commissioners to determine the amount of capital subject to the taxation and the commission will prepare a blank to accomplish this object.

Probably Murdered.

The dead body of Leon Stinton, of Kalamazoo, was found June 6 near Wetaskiwin, Alberta, Canada. Everything in connection with the discovery points to murder, and "Bud" Bullock is suspected of the crime. Stinton was 18 years of age. He left Ashton, Wyo., in April for Alberta, with Bullock, and had quite a sum of money in his possession. Bullock is credited with bearing a bad reputation in Ashton.

Military Honors.

Funeral services over the remains of Ellis Gust, of the Forty-seventh volunteer infantry, who died of typhoid fever in the Philippines on May 4, 1900, were held at the family home in Medina. It was the largest funeral ever held there, more than 1,000 people turning out to honor the dead soldier's memory. The remains were laid to rest with military honors.

The Dates Changed.

The federal civil service commission has found it necessary to change the dates of examinations scheduled to be held in the various cities throughout the country. Following are the new dates for Michigan cities: Detroit, September 23 and October 22; Grand Rapids, September 24 and October 22; Lansing, Manistee, Marquette and Saginaw, October 10.

Farmers Move to City.

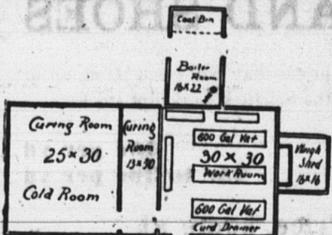
The farming population of Washtenaw county has decreased 1,196 in the past ten years, while the population of the cities and incorporated villages of the county has increased 6,747. In 1890 the population of Washtenaw was 42,210. In 1900 it was 47,761. In 1890 the rural population of Washtenaw was 21,601. In 1900 it was 20,405.



IDEAL CHEESE FACTORY.

Manager of a Pennsylvania Establishment Tells How It Is Arranged and Conducted.

The new cheese factory in Crawford county, Pa., is 30 by 68 feet in size, double boarded and papered on the outside, with a cement floor. The work-room is 30 by 30 feet, with a slanting floor that falls about 4 inches in 26 feet, while the other 4 feet slants to it, forming a gutter for all slops to run off. There are two curing rooms. The small one is papered and ceiled on the inside. In this we put our new cheese for 8 to 12 days, after which they are moved to room No. 2, which we call the cold room. This room was sheathed on the inside, papered on sheathing, put on 2 by 2 inch pieces up



and down, papered on those, then ceiled over the paper, thus making two air chambers, one of 4 inches and one 2 inches. It was ceiled and papered overhead and filled with sawdust level with the joists.

Two 12-inch ventilators run from the ceiling up through the roof. The windows in this room are of two thicknesses of glass. There are also two small openings in the wall in opposite corners, to allow cold air to come in when the night is cooler than the day. Last fall when the thermometer stood for several days above 90 degrees in the shade, we never saw it above 76 degrees in this room. This spring we put in a cold air duct.

The cheese are placed on a truck as they are taken from the presses and pushed to the curing rooms. The whey is pasteurized as soon as drawn and kept in tanks covered with boards and roofing paper. Some of our patrons say that the value of the whey was doubled by pasteurizing.

The building sets on a tile foundation, built high enough so no boards touch the ground. It is covered with an asbestos roofing. We use no hoisting crane to unload, as the cans are dumped over a saddle from the wagons. The upper story over work-rooms is used for boxes, workshop, etc.—Orange Judd Farmer.

Grasses for Dry Weather.

Experience during recent dry summers strongly emphasizes the chief weakness of blue grass—its almost entire failure to grow during dry weather. Orchard grass has been found best of the ordinary grasses in this respect, but the common red clover has shown its superiority to any of the smaller grasses for either hay or grazing in dry years. Highly prized as are the old blue grass-pastures, it seems clearly proved that a greater quantity of food would be produced by putting them under a rotation, with corn and clover the chief crops. This would involve more labor, but in present conditions would give better prospects of profits, said the late Prof. G. E. Morrow.

Worst Enemies of Butter.

Two of the strongest enemies of butter to-day are oleomargarine and the preservatives. Both are of the same general character, for they depend on the greed of men for their very existence. Both exist in the darkness and masquerade under other than their true characters. Oleomargarine can be profitably sold only when it is sold for butter. The preservatives are sold by being proclaimed as perfectly healthful drugs. The ignorant and vicious buy the bogus butter products, or at least most of the consumers are ignorant. In either case a dissemination of knowledge is necessary to destroy the enemy.—Farmers' Review.

New Field for Research.

The world of horticulture is a mysterious one, and in it are many secrets yet to be found out. We have considered that the question of maternity belongs to living and breathing animals. But we are now awaking to the fact that we must consider maternity in the vegetable world. As scientists investigate, the wonder grows. Not only are there self-sterile varieties among grapes, plums and pears, but among the apples self-sterility exists to a great extent. More than that, varieties have been discovered that have no affinity toward each other and if planted together will produce no fruit. This presents a new field for investigation and research.

RASPBERRY CULTURE.

Valuable Suggestions for Those Who Intend to Engage in the Business Next Year.

Select a piece of ground with good surface drainage, facing east or south. The soil should contain a good amount of humus. A good potato sod which had a crop of potatoes taken from it the year before planting berries, would be my ideal. During winter or in early spring give it a liberal dressing of stable manure—about 8 to 12 tons per acre. Plow under in early spring but be careful not to plow when the ground is too wet. I prefer plowing 7 or 8 inches deep.

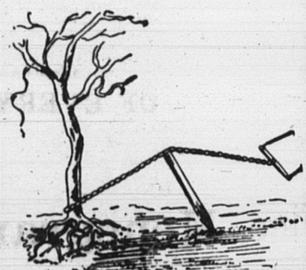
Pulverize ground thoroughly; mark out with single shovel plow about 3 inches deep; rows 3 1/2 feet apart. Plant every other row to potatoes, then plant your berries in the remaining rows. Now we want good, thrifty, well-rooted plants. When we have to purchase them or have to transport a considerable distance we want them in a dormant state, but when plants can be got on an adjoining plantation I prefer to have plants well started, say tops 6 inches high, taking them up with all the soil that will adhere to roots, only taking about 3 or 4 dozen at a time and planting them 3 feet in row, running the shovel plow through the row just before planting so the soil is fresh and moist. As soon as they are set start the cultivation to form an earth mulch and arrest the evaporation from the surface of moisture brought up by capillary attraction; also to kill all weeds. Keep cultivating all summer and keep clear from weeds. The potato crop will pay for the work and the use of the land. Do not prune the first season. In the following spring prune the laterals back to 10 or 12 inches. After fruiting remove all old canes, and all new canes except 3 or 4 of the strongest, in August or September.

I take one horse to a breaking plow and plow the soil up to the row of plants, forming quite a ridge. The reason I do this is, it braces up the plants and keeps them from being blown over; also it drains the surface water from the plants and keeps them from heaving out the following spring. I prune all laterals back to 8 or 12 inches. The reason of so close pruning is it preserves the vitality of plants. Also it makes them set less fruit, but it will be of finer and better quality and just as many quarts. I cut the top bud out of all canes when 2 1/2 feet high so that they will form laterals. After the second year cultivate with a double shovel plow and five-tooth cultivator. My first plantation has fruited four crops and this spring has a fine set of canes for fifth crop and from appearances will produce paying crops for three years or more in the future. I attribute this success to close pruning.—George Wyler, in Ohio Farmer.

PULLING GRAPEVINES.

Chain Trace Worked by One Mule Does the Work Neatly and in Less Than No Time.

Owing to a change in the plans of a fruit farm in a neighboring county, it became necessary to pull up two acres of a vineyard. The owner ordered his men to grub out the vines. They went at it with spade, ax and grubbing hoe, and at the end of the first half-day had only a few vines out. At that rate



CHAIN TRACE IN OPERATION.

they had a week's hard work on hand. A Yankee neighbor happened to visit the farm, and after watching the men for awhile told one of them to go to the barn and harness a mule and bring him with a ten-foot chain. Then he set the men to digging around the vines and cutting the main roots. When the mule and chain came he made a half-hitch with the chain around a vine near the ground, and attached it to the mule's whiffletree. Then he took a piece of 2x4 about four feet long, placed one end on the ground and the other under the chain, leaning at an angle of 45 degrees toward the vine. The mule was started and the vine lifted out of the ground. The chain was unfastened and hitched to the next, and so on. The whole job was done with the mule, and was an easy and speedy one. The same plan will work with all grubbing where the roots are not too large. Fence posts can also be pulled up in the same way.—Orange Judd Farmer.

In 1864 the Australian cost of carrying merchandise was 6s. 3d. per ton per ten miles. It is now 1s. 5d. for the same.

...with good...
...a good...
...year before...
...spring give...
...manure. Plow...
...be careful...
...or. & inches...
...highly; mark...
...feet apart...
...potatoes...
...in the re...
...want good...
...When we...
...to have to...
...state, but...
...an adjoi...
...have plants...
...chickens high...
...the soil that...
...time taking...
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...the row just...
...is fresh...
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...in an earth...
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...the laterals...
...after fruit...
...and all new...
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FINE RAINS FALL.

Stricken Area Is Blessed with Abundant Moisture—Corn Not Complete Loss.

Kansas City, Mo., July 30.—The drought has been broken in Kansas and Missouri by good rains that have fallen in heavy and frequent showers since Sunday morning. Col. George Y. Veale, who has closely watched conditions in Kansas for a score of years, on Monday said that Kansas would raise nearly a half crop of corn. The late planted corn, he said, was already showing signs of life and vigor and all that had not tasseled out before the rains would make more than a half crop. He said the people would raise sufficient forage feed for all the cattle now on the range in Kansas. The rains will greatly benefit fall pastures. Already the brown prairies are changing to green and farmers and stockmen on the landscape will show a pleasing contrast within the next two weeks. It cannot be said that Saturday's rain broke the drought, as little good would have resulted if it had stopped there. It is the steady and persistent showers that have prevailed since Sunday morning that have brought the needed relief and improved the agricultural conditions. They have extended all over Kansas and the western half of Missouri, several points in those states reporting two inches and more of rainfall.

Topeka, Kan., July 30.—In the place of dry weather reports, ruined crops and hot winds in Kansas, now comes news of copious rains, unfordable streams and a restoration of confidence. Most of the rains have come to the eastern and central parts of the state, but late reports from the west show the rain has extended clear through to the Colorado line. There is hardly a point in the state that has not received rain during the past week. Corn will not be greatly helped, but enormous quantities of rough feed will be raised and the outlook for stock men is greatly improved. Abundance of water has been provided for stock where there was a great scarcity a week ago.

Peoria, Ill., July 30.—Heavy rains have caused great rejoicing to the farmers, as the late corn has been saved and a good yield is assured. A few days longer without rain would have resulted in the destruction of the entire crop in this vicinity. Farmers have commenced planting for their winter's feed.

Des Moines, Ia., July 30.—Rain fell all over Iowa Sunday, varying from .72 of an inch to four inches. The average falling indicated by 20 corn and wheat service stations was 1.63 inches. Crop service reports and private advice to grain dealers agree that with normal conditions the state will produce 80 per cent. of an average corn crop.

Chicago, July 30.—Reports of 1,500 experts to the Record-Herald are that the drought has cut the corn crop one-third, but that the wheat harvest will be the greatest in the nation's history.

DIVIDEND OF 1,000 PER CENT.

Enormous Profit of New York First National Bank on Its Capital Stock.

New York, July 30.—It became known in the financial district Monday that an enormous extra dividend, said to have been equal to 1,000 per cent., or \$5,000,000, had been declared upon the \$500,000 of old capital stock of the First national bank, which institution last week increased its capital to \$10,000,000. The bank, which has been prominent in many of the important financial deals of the last three years, is known to have made heavy profits, and it is supposed that the extra dividend is declared in some way out of such old profits, and that partly by means of this big extra dividend the old stockholders of the bank, who numbered but 18, five of them holding the controlling interest, have paid for their share of the \$9,500,000 of new capital stock. The taking over of the \$1,500,000 of capital stock of the National Bank of the Republic by an exchange of two shares of Republic for one share of First national stock, has required \$750,000 of the new First national stock, leaving \$8,750,000 to be otherwise distributed—the old stockholders supposedly taking it. Dividends upon the old stock of the First national bank were at the yearly rate of 100 per cent. The bank is noted for carrying among its resources, under the heads of stocks and bonds other than government, a far greater total than any other institution.

Death of a Noted Journalist.

Milwaukee, July 30.—George H. Yenowine, one of the best known newspaper men in the west, died suddenly Monday night. Mr. Yenowine, while able to be about up to two or three days ago, had been ailing for some time past. He was connected with the Evening Wisconsin in this city for many years, after which he launched Yenowine's News, a Sunday society paper. Mr. Yenowine disposed of his paper to accept a position as editor of the Sunday Louisville Courier-Journal, where he remained several years, returning to Milwaukee about a year ago.

BACTERIA IN COFFEE.

Ohio Grocer Convicted of Violating the Pure Food Laws of the State.

Toledo, July 30.—The jury in Judge Meek's court in this city has found James White, a local grocer, guilty of selling adulterated coffee. The prosecution was based on a package of Arbuckles' Ariosa coffee. The State of Ohio, through the Pure Food Commission, prosecuted White. The case was on trial for nearly a month and attracted national attention. The manufacturers of Ariosa coffee conducted the defense for Grocer White. The best attorneys in the country were retained to defend him but, after a short consultation, a verdict of guilty was returned by the jury. The State of Ohio considers this a big victory. Pure Food Commissioner Blackburn has been waging a warfare on spurious food articles and the department has been very successful.

The complaint of the State of Ohio was that Ariosa coffee was coated with a substance which concealed defects in the coffee and made it appear better than it is. The State charged that this coating or glazing was a favorable medium for the propagation of bacteria. Prof. G. A. Kirchmaier, of this city, a well-known chemist, was the principal witness for the State. He had made scientific examinations of samples of Ariosa purchased in the open market from Grocer White. He found that each Ariosa berry contained an average of 300 bacteria. Mr. Kirchmaier further testified that other coffees he examined contained few bacteria or none at all. He declared that the glazed coffee was not a wholesome food product.

Chemist Schmidt, of Cincinnati, corroborated the testimony of Prof. Kirchmaier. The State did not present further testimony.

The defense, through the Arbuckles, who prepare this glazed coffee, secured some of the most eminent chemists and scientists in the United States to give testimony in their behalf. Prof. H. W. Wiley, of the United States Agricultural Department; Prof. Vaughn, of Ann Arbor University; Profs. Bleile and Webber, of the Ohio State University, were called to defend Ariosa. Dr. Wiley had made a careful examination of the method of manufacturing Ariosa. He told of the 19,000,000 eggs used by the Arbuckles yearly in the preparation of this glazing. On this point in cross examination, the State's attorneys deftly drew from him the information that these eggs might be kept in cold storage by the Arbuckles for a year or two at a time.

The experts who heard Dr. Wiley's testimony were pleased to be able to "catch" so famous a chemist. The doctor at one point in his testimony explained very clearly how it is that the egg put into the coffee pot by the housewife settles the coffee. He said that the heat coagulates the egg, and as it sinks to the bottom of the pot it carries the fine particles of the coffee with it, and thus clarifies the drink. It is the act of coagulation in the coffee pot that does the work. Later on in his cross examination, he had to admit that when the egg was put on Ariosa coffee at the factory, it became coagulated, and as egg cannot be coagulated but once, that the coating on coffee was of practically no value as a "settler" when it reached the coffee pot.

Prof. Wiley acknowledged that the glazing might be a favorable medium for the propagation of bacteria, although he would not testify positively either way because he was not a bacteriologist.

Prof. Vaughn, of Ann Arbor University, also a witness for the Arbuckles, said he found bacteria on Ariosa coffee.

Prof. Bleile, another witness for the defense, found any number of lively bacteria on the Ariosa coffee he examined, and he agreed that glazed coffee surely was a more favorable medium for the propagation of bacteria than unglazed coffee.

The verdict of the jury in this case is of national importance because a great many other states have Pure Food Laws like that of Ohio, and it is natural to suppose that similar action will be taken by other Pure Food Commissioners to prevent the sale of glazed coffees.

Pure Food Commissioner Blackburn says: "The State is very much elated over its victory against this big corporation. We are now considering the advisability of informing every grocer in the State of Ohio that it is an infraction of the laws to sell Ariosa, and at the same time give warning to consumers that the coffee is an adulterated food article."

An Opinion.
She—You don't think a girl is wise to marry a man in order to reform him?
He—Well, I think she is apt to have the luck of the average reformer.—Brooklyn Life.

SPLINTERS AND CHIPS.

The total length of ocean cables is 160,842 miles.

Norway sends to England 180,000 tons of ice a year.

A man should weigh 20 pounds for every foot of his height.

The Chinese have twice sacked Moscow, once in 1237 and again in 1293.

Mozart holds the record among composers of having written 624 compositions.

In 1694 the capital of the Bank of England was £1,200,000. It is now £14,500,000.

SIX DOCTORS THIS TIME.

South Bend, Ind., July 29th.—Six different doctors treated Mr. J. O. Landeman, of this place, for Kidney Trouble. He had been very ill for three years, and he despaired of ever being well. Somebody suggested Dodd's Kidney Pills. Mr. Landeman used two boxes. He is completely cured, and besides losing all his Kidney Trouble, his general health is much better than it has been for years.

No case that has occurred in St. Joseph County for half a century, has created such a profound sensation, and Dodd's Kidney Pills are being well advertised, as a result of this wonderful cure of Mr. Landeman's case.

20,000 HARVEST HANDS

Required to harvest the grain crop of Western Canada. The most abundant yield on the Continent. Reports are that the average yield of No. 1 Hard Wheat in Western Canada will be over thirty bushels to the acre. Prices for farm help will be excellent. Splendid Ranching Lands adjoining the Wheat Belt, will be run from all points in the United States to the FREE GRANT EXCURSIONS. Secure a home at once, and if you wish to purchase at prevailing prices, and secure the advantage of the low rates, apply for Literature, Rates, etc., to F. PEDLEY, Supr. Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to C. J. BRIGHTON, 222 Monadnock Bldg., Chicago, Ill., T. O. CURRIE, Box 76, Milwaukee, Wis.; M. V. MCINNES, No. 2 Merrill Bldg., Detroit, Mich.; JAMES GUYRE, Saginaw, Mich.; N. BARTHOLOMEW, 306 5th Street, Des Moines, Iowa; E. T. HOLMES, Room 6, Big Four Bldg., Indianapolis, Indiana. Canadian Government Agent.

When visiting Buffalo, do not fail to see the CANADIAN EXHIBIT at the Pan-American.

LEGITIMATE MINING has made a majority of the large fortunes of the country and pays more in dividends annually than any other industry. The best opportunity to make moderate investment in a very profitable enterprise which assures over 20 per cent. a year for thirty years is that of the California Edging Gold Mines Co., which has developed mines of enormous size and value. The president of the company is U. S. Senator John P. Jones of Nevada, and associated with him in the management are successful mining and business men as Silson Hutchins, Washington, D. C., Hon. Jas. B. Grant, Denver, Colo., Hon. Elias L. Ditcher, President Hamilton Trust Co., Brooklyn, N. Y., and others. Address: C. K. G. M. CO., 32 Broadway, New York, for descriptive prospectus "B" and interesting pamphlet "About the Mining and Milling of Ores" FREE.

STARK TREES best by Test—77 YEARS LARGEST NURSERY. FRUIT BOOK free. We PAY CASH WANT MORE SALESMEN. E. A. STARK BROS., Louisiana, Mo.; Danville, N. Y.; Etc.

CHEAP FARMS IN MINNESOTA. \$3 to \$5 per acre. Small cash payments. E. A. STARK BROS., 807 Hennepin Ave., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Did All the Talking.

Comedian—Why did the supernumerary leave the company?
Sue Brette—Because she couldn't obtain a speaking part.
"Has she got one now?"
"I presume so. She married the manager."—Norristown Herald.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?
Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes Feel Easy. Cures Corns, Itching, Swollen, Hot, Callous, Smarting, Sore and Sweating Feet. All Druggists and Shoe Stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The world would make little progress if everybody feared to be considered a crank.—Puck.

Notice.

I want every man and woman in the United States interested in the Opium and Whisky habits to have one of my books on these diseases. Address B. M. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga., Box 887, and one will be sent you free.

No man is strong who is unable to conquer himself.—Chicago Daily News.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

You rob yourself oftener than others rob you.—Atchison Globe.

Check That Ugly Cough With Hoxsie's Croup Cure. No opium. 50c.

An old-fashioned remedy—sending for the doctor.—Puck.

MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY OF EXPERIENCE AND OUR GUARANTEE ARE BACK OF EVERY WATERPROOF OILED SLICKER OR COAT BEARING THIS TRADE MARK.



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ON SALE EVERYWHERE. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. CATALOGUES FREE. SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS. A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS., U.S.A.

Bal-Samin Cures Consumption

In cases pronounced by all physicians as hopeless and where all other remedies have failed.

Bal-Samin positively cures tuberculosis of the lungs, larynx, luffesines, bladder, kidneys and bones. Bal-Samin is prepared by a European specialist of international reputation, who places the remedy on the market not as a money-making scheme, but for the good of humanity. The ingredients of this wonderful preparation are almost priceless, but as it saves human life the cost of Bal-Samin should not keep any consumptive from purchasing this miraculous cure.

PRICE, \$3.50 PER BOTTLE. Express Prepaid.

Bal-Samin Co., 257 Broadway, SEND FOR CIRCULAR. NEW YORK.

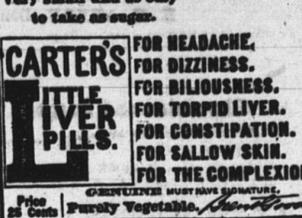
PENSIONS on age, disability and widowhood; P. L. or any U. S. Service. LAWS FREE. A. W. McCORMICK & SONS, Cincinnati, O.; Washington, D. C.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of *Wm. Carter*

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BILIOUSNESS, FOR TORPID LIVER, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SALLOW SKIN, FOR THE COMPLEXION.

Price 25 Cents. GENUINE MUST BEAR SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. *Wm. Carter*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

BANFF

In the Canadian Rockies, the great resort of travelers from all parts of the globe; Lakes in the Clouds, water sketches in the Land of the Sky; the Yoho, Valley, the newly discovered Wonderland near Field, British Columbia—a region of lofty waterfalls, vast glaciers, startling canyons and high mountain peaks; the Great Glacier of the Selkirk—a huge frozen Niagara—on the line of the

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Swiss Guides, Houseboats on the Kootenay and Shuswap Lakes for fishing and shooting parties. For descriptive booklets, rates, etc., apply to

A. C. SHAW, General Agent, Passenger Department, CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY, 228 South Clark Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

OPIUM WHISKY and other drug habits cured. We want the worst cases. Book and references FREE. Dr. B. M. WOOLLEY, Box 8, Atlanta, Ga.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

A. N. K.—A 1876

SUNSTROKE

The summer's awful heat will kill those not fit to resist it—those whose bodies are full of poison because they have neglected their bowels.

The victims of sunstroke, or of any of the other terrible dangers of summer—diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera morbus—are always those who have been careless about keeping clean inside, and as a result have their blood full of rotten filth breeding disease germs and their bodies ready with weakness to succumb to the hot spell. Dizziness, heat headaches, sick stomachs, sticky oozing ill-smelling sweats, restless nights, terrible pains, gripes and cramps in the bowels, sudden death on the street, all result from this neglect.

Keep yourself clean, pure and healthy inside, disinfected as it were, with **CASCARETS CANDY CATHARTIC**, the greatest antiseptic bowel tonic ever discovered and you will find that every form of summer disease will be effectively

PREVENTED BY



Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

THIS IS THE BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c.

ALL DRUGGISTS

CASCARETS are absolutely harmless, a purely vegetable compound. No mercurial or other mineral pill-poison in CASCARETS. CASCARETS promptly, effectively and permanently cure every disorder of the Stomach, Liver and Intestines. They not only cure constipation, but correct any and every form of irregularity of the bowels, including diarrhoea and dysentery. Pleasant, palatable, potent. Taste good, do good. Never sicken, weaken or gripe. Write for booklet and free sample. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO or NEW YORK. 490

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J. A. Palmer, cash. Geo. A. Begole, asst. cash.
—No. 203.—

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Conveyancing and all other legal work
promptly attended to.
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Graduate in Dentistry.

A trial will convince you that we have a
local anesthetic for extraction which is A 1
Ask those who have tried it.
Office over Kempf Bank, Chelsea, Mich.

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Having had 13 years' experience I am pre-
pared to do all kinds of dental work in a care-
ful and thorough manner, and as reasonable as
first class work can be done. There is nothing
known in the dental art but that we can do for
you, and we have a local anesthetic for extract-
ing that has no equal. Special attention given
to children's teeth.

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Office over Rastrey's Tailor Shop.

S. G. BUSH,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 and
7 to 8 p. m.

Office in Hatch block. Residence on
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Specialties—Diseases of the nose, throat
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A. M.**

Regular Meetings for 1901

Jan. 1 and 29, March 5, April 2 and 30,
May 28, June 25, July 30, August 27, Sept
24, Oct. 22, Nov. 19. Annual meeting
and election of officers Dec. 24.

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Modern Woodmen of America.

Meets the first and third Monday of each
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GEO. EDER,

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Good work and close attention to busi-
ness is my motto. With this in view,
hope to secure, at least, part of your
patronage.

5 PER CENT INTEREST

Paid on deposits in amounts of \$1.00 and
multiples thereof.

For particulars enquire of
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Curtains, Table Covers, Counterpanes,
Pillow Shams, Blankets or Rugs you wish
laundered? We guarantee all work.

The Chelsea Steam Laundry.

Both tickets—good for six baths—\$1.00.



GEORGE E. DAVIS,

Everybody's Auctioneer.

Headquarters at THE CHELSEA HERALD
Office. Auction bills—turn shed free.

**The Best Cigars
on the Market**

For 5 Cents.

The Fawn, Columbia,

The Elks No. 325,

Arrows, or Sports.

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SCHUSSLER BROS., Chelsea.

Animal Sentries.

A writer who has made a study of
the habits of animals, particularly of
those habits that resemble our own,
says that the use of sentries, duly re-
lieved at regular intervals, is the rule
rather than the exception with many
of the gregarious quadrupeds and the
larger birds.

Wild geese, for example, act in so or-
ganized and cautious a manner when
feeding or roosting that they seem to
defy all danger. When a flock has
fixed on a newly sown grainfield to
feed in, they make several circling
flights before alighting, and the least
suspicious object will drive them away.

If everything be all right, however,
and they alight, the whole flock will
remain motionless for a minute or two,
with head and neck erect, looking over
the country round about. This supple-
mentary reconnoitering proving satis-
factory, they begin their feeding, leav-
ing one sentry on guard. He either
stands on some elevated part of the
field or walks slowly with the rest, but
he never ventures to pick up a single
grain while he is on duty.

When the sentry thinks that he has
done his share of the watching, he
gives the nearest bird to him a sharp
peck, which means that this bird must
take up the sentry duty. If he does not
respond promptly, the first bird will
peck again and more vigorously, some-
times pulling out a bunch of feathers
in the act and at the same time utter-
ing a complaining cry.

The signal of danger among wild
geese and swans is a sort of bugle call
which they all at once understand.
Wild ducks have a low, cautious quack.
All animals seem to have their peculiar
signals. Prairie dogs bark; ibex, marmots
and mountain sheep whistle; ele-
phants trumpet; rabbits and lowland
sheep stamp on the ground.

Couldn't See the Humor.

"I can't for the life of me see," re-
marked an Englishman during the
course of conversation with Nat Good-
win once, "what people mean by Ameri-
can humor. To me all humor is alike,
whether it be of American or English
origin. Perhaps you can explain to me
just what distinguishes American hu-
mor from any other sort?"

"Well," replied Mr. Goodwin, "I think
the American type of humor is rather
more subtle. It doesn't always fully
impress itself upon you at once. The
more you think about it the funnier it
seems. I can perhaps best illustrate
my meaning with a little story.

"A man was walking along the street
one day when he passed another man
who was carrying a letter in his hand.
"Pardon me," said the man with the
letter, "do you know where the post-
office is?"

"Yes," said the other man and pass-
ed on. On second thought he decided
that he had been rude and went back
to where the man with the letter was
still standing.

"Do you wish to know where the
postoffice is?" he asked.

"No," said the other man.
The Englishman's gaze was vacant.
"Just turn it over in your mind for a
few minutes and tell me what you
think of it," said Mr. Goodwin.

Ten minutes later the Englishman
clutched at Mr. Goodwin's elbow. "You
won't be offended, will you, old chap?"
he murmured. "But really, I think
they were both blawsted rude!"—Sat-
urday Evening Post.

Closeness Personified.

There's a good story told on a young
fellow here noted for his closeness. He
went to spend the night with a friend.
During the entire night he betrayed
much restlessness, which kept the host
wide awake, and finally the slumberer
betrayed signs of violent emotion.
"He's going to have a nightmare," said
the friend, "but he always grumbles so
when you wake him up that I hate to
disturb him." He waited awhile long-
ger, sitting up in bed staring on the
miserable sleeper, and finally, becom-
ing alarmed, he roused him. He sprang
up in bed, glared wildly around and
said: "Where am I? I don't see the
storm."

"Why, here in my room," said the
host soothingly. "You remember you
staid all night with me?—I beg your
pardon for waking you up, but you car-
ried on so I had to."

"Beg your pardon," gasped the guest.
"I shall never be grateful enough to
you. I dreamed I was out with Miss
Bud, and a terrible storm came up, and
my shoes were new, and I was just
ordering a coupe for two when you
roused me. Old boy, you have saved
me a dollar."

And the host says he was actually
afraid to go to sleep again that night
for fear the coupe would come.—Louis-
ville Times.

"That cousin of yours is from Chica-
go, isn't he?" asked the village post-
master.

"Yes," replied Farmer Haycraft.

"How d'ye know?"

"When he was in here yesterday and
asked if there was any mail for the
Haycrafts, I told him no. And then a
second later when he was turning
away I said: 'Hold up. There is one
letter for them.' I noticed that when I
said 'Hold up' he threw up his hands
quicker'n lightning."—Chicago Trib-
une.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank
AT CHELSEA, MICH.

At the close of business, July 15, 1901,
as called for by the Commissioner of
the Banking Department.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$ 66 869 47
Bonds, mortgages and securi- ties	187 904 84
Premiums paid on bonds	348 75
Overdrafts	578 70
Banking house	7 500 00
Furniture and fixtures	1 500 00
Due from other banks and bankers	17 500 00
U. S. bonds	\$ 5 500 00
Due from banks in reserve cities	38 000 69
U. S. and National bank currency	4 802 00
Gold coin	5 085 00
Silver coin	2 087 40
Nickels and cents	349 02
Checks, cash items, internal revenue account	55 734 11
	339 27
Total	\$387 775 14

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$ 40 000 00
Surplus	3 000 00
Undivided profits, net	2 336 33
Dividends unpaid	\$ 130 00
Commercial depo- sits	43 982 20
Certificates of depo- sit	21 326 27
Savings deposits	213 958 23
Savings certificates	14 052 11
	292 438 81
Total	\$387 775 14

State of Michigan, County of Wash-
tenaw, ss.
I, J. A. PALMER, cashier of the above
named bank, do solemnly swear that the
above statement is true to the best of my
knowledge and belief.

JOHN A. PALMER, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this
24th day of July, 1901.

Geo. A. BEGOLE, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest: EDWARD VOGEL,
C. KLEIN,
Geo. A. BEGOLE, Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

The Chelsea Savings Bank,
AT CHELSEA, MICH.

At the close of business, July 15, 1901,
as called for by the Commissioner of
the Banking Department.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$132 805 05
Bonds, mortgages and securi- ties	166 566 64
Banking house	4 000 00
Furniture and fixtures	2 048 50
Other real estate	2 530 00
Due from banks in reserve cities	\$45 483 53
Exchanges for clearing house	608 85
U. S. and National bank currency	5 955 00
Gold coin	6 350 00
Silver coin	1 296 25
Nickels and cents	201 94
Checks, cash items, internal revenue account	59 880 56
	44 05
Total	\$368 253 70

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$ 60 000 00
Surplus fund	9 222 00
Undivided profits, net	3 339 58
Dividends unpaid	361 00
Commercial depos- its	\$70 583 41
Certificates of de- posit	61 294 77
Savings deposits	61 257 46
Savings certificates	102 145 83
	295 311 12
Total	\$368 253 70

State of Michigan, County of Wash-
tenaw, ss.

I, WM. J. KNAPP, president of the
above named bank, do solemnly swear that
the above statement is true to the best
of my knowledge and belief.

WM. J. KNAPP, President
Subscribed and sworn to before me this
24th day of July, 1901.

THEO. E. WOOD, Notary Public.
W. P. SCHENK,
Correct—Attest: GEO. W. PALMER,
F. P. GLAZIER, Directors.

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several cheap reprints of an obsolete edition
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as a premium for subscriptions to papers.
Announcements of these comparatively

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Chancery Notice.

State of Michigan: In the circuit court
for the county of Washtenaw, in chancery.
Upon due proof by affidavit that George
E. Alexander, defendant in the above
entitled cause pending in this court, has
departed from her last known place of
residence in said state of Michigan, and
her residence can not be ascertained, and
motion of Frank Joslyn, solicitor for com-
plainant, it is ordered that the said de-
fendant do appear and answer the said
complaint filed in the said cause within
five months from the date of this order,
taken as confessed. And further, that the
order be published within twenty days
from this date, in the Chelsea Herald
newspaper printed in said county of
Washtenaw, and be published therein in
each week for six weeks in successive
such publication, however, shall not be
necessary in case a copy of this order is
served on the said defendant personally
at least twenty days before the time here-
in prescribed for her appearance.
Dated this 18th day of June, A. D. 1901.
E. D. KINCK, Circuit Judge.

A true copy, attest,
PHILIP BLUM, Jr., Register.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Wash-
tenaw. The undersigned having been ap-
pointed by the Probate Court for said County
Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust
all claims and demands of all persons against
the estate of Margaret Moran, late of said
county deceased, hereby give notice that
six months from date are allowed, by order
of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present
their claims against the estate of said de-
ceased, and that they will meet at the office of G. W.
Turnbull, in the village of Chelsea, in said
county, on Saturday, the 19th day of October
next, and on Monday the 18th day of January next,
at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to re-
ceive, examine and adjust said claims.
Dated, July 18, 1901.
GEO. J. CROWELL,
A. M. F. REER,
Commissioners.

51

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